

# Hawaiian Gazette.

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HONOLULU, H. T., TUESDAY, AUGUST 26, 1902—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE NO. 2418.

## THE CEYLON WENT DOWN

### Aged Wooden Bark Abandoned by Crew.

The old whale-oil soaked wooden-bark Ceylon, Captain Willer, did meet with disaster on a voyage between Honolulu and Laysan Island.

After making heroic efforts in trying to pump tons of water through broken down pumping machinery and navigating his vessel first this way and then that in an effort to save her, Captain Willer had to abandon the ship and with his wife, child, crew, and six Japanese who were passengers for Honolulu, he battled again in small boats for four days and three nights before reaching Laysan Island. Six weeks were spent on Laysan Island before the rescue steamer Hanalei arrived there to take the party off.

The Hanalei returned from Laysan Island on Saturday evening bringing the ship-wrecked party.

The disaster to this old wooden vessel has been expected for months. She has been in all kinds of service in all kinds of weather for nearly half a century and although her timbers were of oak the iron fastenings of them had long ago rusted. When the vessel was last at Honolulu Messrs. Hackfeld & Co., her owners, could not get insurance at a rate less than twenty per cent. Finally the vessel was sent to sea without any insurance and she is therefore a total loss, including her cargo of guano. The vessel was purchased a few years ago for \$9,000.

The Ceylon left Laysan Island on June 23rd. Besides her crew and a party of six Japanese who were coming to Honolulu on a trip, Captain Willer had his wife and little son on board. While loading, Captain Willer was aware that the vessel was leaking but he did not think that water was entering in sufficient quantities to cause any trouble. On the second day out water commenced pouring into the hold at a rate of fifteen inches an hour. The situation looked very serious so Captain Willer decided to put back to Laysan Island but later changed his mind as he would have to sail against head winds and might be some days in reaching there. The steam pumps were started but these broke down in a few minutes and all hands were put to work on the hand pumps but the water came in faster than they could pump it out. West-erly winds sprang up and gave Captain Willer hope that he might possibly reach Honolulu. Then for nearly a week all hands worked night and day in an effort to save the vessel. Even Mrs. Willer went out and gave a hand at the pumps and the party at times got along without meals so that the cook could spend his time there. The hard-ship was increased on July second when heavy seas were encountered. The wind shifted and Captain Willer again decided to steer for Laysan. At this time the vessel was within three hundred miles of Niha. The bark labored heavily in the sea, all hands were exhausted, and the pumps were no longer useful as they were clogged with guano. Water was now so deep in the vessel's hold that the crew no longer took the trouble to measure it. In this extremity Captain Willer called a meeting of those on the vessel at which it was decided that they had better try to return to Laysan Island and save anything they could of the Ceylon. But on the following morning matters were so much worse that it was decided to leave the bark. At that time it was thought that the vessel was about to founder.

On the morning of the fourth of July preparations were commenced toward leaving the doomed ship. Three boats were manned but one of these was swamped and its occupants had to be taken into the remaining boats. Sails were fitted to both boats and Captain Willer decided to try and reach Laysan Island in them. In his own boat the skipper had his wife, his boy, the second mate, three sailors and four Japs. In the other Mr. Lorenze, the mate, had the remainder of the crew. Captain Willer had the navigating instruments in his boat and the mate was given instructions to follow him. At night a bright light was burned by the leading boat so that the second one could see the way.

Then for four days and three nights the party experienced many hardships. All of the food got soaked with salt water before it could be consumed by the tired, exhausted and hungry cast-aways. Captain Willer steered his boat for sixteen hours and then dropped off to sleep from sheer exhaustion. In addition to other hardships it was soon found that the leading boat was leaking and two persons had to work every minute of the day and night in bailing out water.

But the weather was fine and occasionally the spirits of the party were revived. On one occasion the two boats engaged for a while in a racing. Ever possible advantage of the wind was taken by both boats. Sometimes one and sometimes the other boat would lead but at the end it was said that Mr. Lorenze's craft had the advantage.

Just at sunset time on the evening of the fourth day in the boats a sailor spotted the Laysan Island light. There were some wild scenes of joy and all efforts were made to get the two boats to the shore before the night set in. When everyone had clambered safely ashore they were met by genial Captain Schlemmer, the "King of Laysan," who gave the ship-wrecked people a hearty welcome and made their stay of six weeks on the island a very pleasant one. The whole party needed the six weeks rest badly to recuperate themselves from the great hardships they had been through before the rescue steamer arrived.

Mrs. Willer said yesterday: "I didn't worry much. The Captain has been over there many times and he knew all about the bad condition of the Ceylon. I knew he could get us out of it all right. The bad part of it was the sitting up in a leaking boat for that long time. We couldn't lay down and when we wanted a biscuit to eat it was full of salt water."

"The newspapers said that the Japs were nearly starving on Laysan. They were not for they still had plenty of rice left. Then they have four cows there and they give two full pails of milk every day. The cows have got very fat since they were sent over there. The water around the island abounds in the finest fish I have ever eaten. They are also very plentiful. Wild birds, such as duck, can also be secured in plenty and these make very good living. Mr. Schlemmer also had a fine lot of canned goods and all these things taken together would have kept the crowd on the island for many months."

The Ceylon is probably all broken up long before this time. Pieces of her wreckage were cast up on Laysan Island during the time that the ship-wrecked party were there. The last seen of the vessel was when the Captain and crew abandoned her. At that time the deck of the Ceylon was about even with the water.

The rescue steamer Hanalei made the run down to Laysan in three days. She remained at the island for a week during which time she discharged her cargo of provisions and shipped a cargo of guano. Captain Schlemmer and about fifteen Jap laborers returned on the Hanalei. It is quite probable that the Hanalei will make another trip to Laysan Island within a few days.

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## FAREWELL LUAU TO DR. W. J. GOODHUE

At Eleele, on Aug. 17th the many friends of Dr. W. J. Goodhue assembled at McBryde's beach house at Lawai and gave him a farewell luau and a watch charm in the form of a golden locket set with a diamond, emblematic of the genuine, lively friendship which the people here have for the doctor who is to become resident physician at Molokai.

Among those present were Manager Stodart and wife, Messrs. Alexander and Walter McBryde and Dr. Goodhue from Koloa.

Mr. Stodart presented the gift which was a complete surprise to the doctor.

The gathering was especially enjoyable as the genial manager of the McBryde plantation took the lead and made all feel at perfect ease. Dr. Goodhue's many friends loaded him with leis when he embarked, and his Waima friends sent over baskets of leis which arrived too late.

It is but just to say that Dr. Goodhue was popular with every nationality, especially the Hawaiians, and if he can win their friendship at Molokai as he has here and at Waima, many a local irritation will not mature into a complaint.

## PORTUGUESE WANT TO HAVE MORE SAY

The Portuguese Political Club came to the belief last night that their organization was so strong that instead of demanding one representative upon one or the other of the party tickets to be ballotted upon next November, they could just as well ask for two representatives, and passed a resolution to that effect. Those among the Portuguese club members who are for calm and reserved action pertaining to the wants of the Portuguese colony attempted to hold the others in check but to no purpose, and on Wednesday night, unless the resolution is reconsidered, the vote will be taken for two candidates instead of one. The cooler headed members of the club felt that they were going too far, but the younger element took the stand that the club would be a strong factor in the making up of the tickets of the Republicans and Democrats, and voted the older heads down.

Another resolution was passed whereby the chairman appointed a committee of five members to confer with the leaders of the Republicans and Democrats to ascertain just what the two parties were willing to offer them for the vote of the club in exchange for representation by Portuguese on the legislative ticket. Again the wiser headed ones tried to prevent the passage of the resolution, urging that when the conventions met was the time for the appointment of a conference committee. The committee as named is composed of Messrs. Pacheco, Vivas, Goncalves, Medeiros and De Ponte.

The next meeting of the club will be tomorrow night, when a vote is to be taken on the three candidates nominated last Saturday night. Two are to be chosen out of this number, and their names are to be presented to the two political parties which they recognize—the Republican and Democrat. The Wilcox party was not considered.

## FIERCE FIRE IN CAMPBELL BLOCK

### Starts in the Hawaiian Hardware Ware Rooms and Wrecks Many Offices.

Fire which caused loss estimated at \$100,000 and endangered the entire downtown business section broke out Saturday afternoon in the warehouse of the Hawaiian Hardware Company, in the rear of the Campbell block, and for three hours kept the firemen busy and tenants on the alert. The loss from the fire proper is not more than half the total, the damage from the thousands of gallons of water making up the remainder.

All day yesterday there was a special watch kept and during the afternoon there was need of it. The bales of cotton waste which furnished much of the smoke during the fire, again began to blaze, and being seen by Will Savidge, who was looking after his office, he with the assistance of the guards pulled out the blazing cotton. The department and several hundred people responded to the alarm from box 13, and the Chemical engine was sufficient to extinguish the blaze.

The fire which was reported at little after two o'clock started in the warehouse, it is now said from some accident during the filling of an order for gasoline. One report having it that the native porter knocked over and broke his lantern while in the warehouse. There was not much of the inflammable substance on hand and the danger of a disastrous explosion was thus avoided. There was in the warehouse contiguous to the flames a quantity of giant powder and caps, and these were quickly carried out by the employees and sent back to the magazine.

Before the department could get on the ground the smoke was pouring out of every opening in the building, in volumes thick and black. This proved so confusing that the fighters could not locate the source and for a time had to fight in a general way. As soon as the fire was noted Mr. Phillips & Company closed the iron shutters cutting off their store and as soon as the powder had been removed the Hawaiian Hardware Company did the same. The Beaver restaurant was also cut off by the brick wall at the rear, so that the first opportunity to get at the fire was afforded through the store of J. S. Martin, in the rear of which is a court where windows command the warehouse. Martin moved out at once and the goods in his store were thus saved. That is the last store in the Beaver block and other side nothing in that block was damaged.

Hose lines were laid through the offices occupied by L. C. Ables and others and the furniture and the stock of Redhouse were saved, while the Inter-Island and Telegraph company took its office fixtures away. The firemen were thus at work all along the Waikiki side of the fire but that was not enough and the smoke seemed to increase in volume.

Volunteers offered to put lines of hose on the roof and Harry Murray carried off the play. He went upon the awning and then pulling up his ladder went on to the top, throwing down a rope's end and dragging up the hose which was the first upon the roof, and which was in service during the entire blaze. The iron roofing prevented the reaching of the blaze direct and it was not until the fire had been attacked from the rear by hose sent in from Merchant street, and finally by cutting holes through the floor of the second story that any progress was made and the smoke began to die thus giving evidence of the advance of the fight.

The greatest loss falls upon the occupants of rooms in the second floor, after the Hawaiian Hardware Company's damage is considered. The flooding of the offices to reach the fire which burned nearly through the floor and certainly more than half through each of the floor joists, caused great damage. The heaviest loser is C. H. Berrey, who had in his desk a large quantity of valuable data, collected since 1896, and also a number of notes for small loans. These were in wooden drawers, and the opening of the office and its use by the firemen resulted in the tearing off of the top of the desk, and the papers being distributed. Many of them floating down through the holes in the floor, cut to sending below a stream of water. Almost all were destroyed. Several of these notes were not yet entered upon the books, which are kept in the safe, and there is no record of the transactions. The records comprise the individual data affecting business people and it will take time and money to replace such information. Mr. Berrey puts his loss at \$12,000 and says he had some facts which cannot be replaced; that his entire insurance will not come to more than thirty-three per cent of the loss.

In the second story of the building, immediately over the warehouse, which extends only to a point opposite the rear of the room formerly occupied by the First American Bank, there were a number of offices and nearly all occupied. The firm of Achi and Johnson, with the reality end of the business had several rooms and they managed to move out all their furniture or get it in shape so that it would be damaged only

in the event of the total loss of the building. The firm's law library was removed to Palama and the only loss was in the handling and some little damage to furniture. John Effinger, who had on hand a stock of South Sea curios, suffered heavy loss, tapes and other things being badly water soaked and otherwise injured.

F. W. Makinney's abstract office is immediately opposite that of Effinger, and there was wreckage, for the papers in cases and the records with which the office was filled, were wet and scorched in some instances, making the loss heavy, though its total cannot be estimated until there has been examination. The rear offices of G. B. Scott, broker, P. E. R. Strauch, broker, and H. Kobayashi, were practically wrecked. Water was poured into the entire wing of the building for the purpose of reaching the fire beneath standing an inch on the floor. The extent of the destruction was apparent yesterday when the floor joists under that entire portion of the building were found to be charred and weakened. It is probable that the building there will have to be rebuilt.

On the Fort street side of the building the cigar and tobacco store of David Lawrence, while having a heavy wall to the rear through which the flames did not come at any time, was flooded with water, and the loss sustained was heavy. There was a stock of close to \$20,000 in the place and when the fire and water was approaching the underwriters told the owner to save what he could. The insurance was only \$6,000, and by dint of making use of every one who would assist and carrying the stock to the room at the corner of Fort and King, something like one-third of the goods were saved. The loss will be in the neighborhood of \$6,000.

In the other portions of the building the damage was from haste to get out for fear of the spread of the fire. Many occupants of offices in the Merchant street side took out their furniture and on the ground floor several of the offices, such as Armitage were completely cleared. There were exceptions Hankey, the lawyer, J. O. Carter, Grimwood, Richardson & Holloway sticking to their places and losing nothing whatever. Waterhouse & Company had some of their things taken out and there was some little loss. All over the block, including the Bishop building, there was readiness to get out of the rooms if there was any spread of the flames, but the firemen kept it to bounds.

There were many humors of the fire. When Lawrence, after waiting as long as prudent, began to move, there was a rush and every Chinese and Portuguese newsboy had the best and longest of cigars to smoke. One had carried off a case of smoking tobacco and another was seen half way up the street bound for the slopes with cigars worth \$30 a box, until he was almost bent double. Mr. Lawrence prevented many such abstractions but he could not be everywhere. In the hurry many boxes were broken, and the cigars and tobacco was at once floated around and the water destroyed them.

During the carrying out of furniture Fred Harrison had much help, so much that he could not keep strict watch upon all that was saved. The desk in his office was taken apart and carried to a place of safety. Yesterday he began to search for it and found only one-half, the top of the desk being still missing.

From Waterhouse & Company's office much of the furniture was taken and R. W. Shingle was unable to locate the place to which his workbench was taken. He still searches.

The insurance men have not had time to make up lists of their insurance but the losses will be fairly well covered.

## AGAIN CELEBRATE CORONATION DAY

### British Americans of Honolulu do Honor to King Edward VII.

Sons of St. George celebrated the coronation of King Edward at St. Antonio Hall with a smoker and concert Saturday evening. There were in attendance about a hundred British-American citizens of Hawaii and the fact that this was the second celebration of the event here detracted in no wise from the enjoyment of the occasion.

S. R. Jordan presided as master of ceremonies and after a few musical selections, W. R. Hoare, British Consul for Hawaii, was called upon to respond to the toast "Their Britannic Majesties King Edward VII and Queen Alexandra." Mr. Hoare responded in a few

words as follows: "Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen:—I need not say that wherever British subjects may be gathered together, this toast will be at all times received with the greatest enthusiasm. But it has a greater and far deeper significance at this present time, when his majesty—thank God!—is recovering from very serious illness."

The very thought of his recent peril must intensify our wishes and our solicitude for his majesty's health; and with regard to his noble queen who has shown such untiring devotion during her recent trial, a queen whose goodness and sweetness of character has endeared her to all, we should be wanting if we did not, on this occasion, testify our admiration of her true, womanly and gracious qualities."

We are thankful to be able to felicitate ourselves on his majesty's continued progress toward recovery, and also upon the successful consummation of his coronation. Let us then unite in wishing their majesties long life and a happy and prosperous reign."

"The President of the United States" was the toast to which Mr. E. P. Dole said he was glad to respond at the gathering of British-Americans, and that it was a very fitting thing that the toast to President Roosevelt should follow that to Edward VII: the one to a courteous, tactful, gracious monarch who realized his strength and glory to be the free people and free institutions which surrounded and upheld the throne. The other a clean, brainy, energetic, brave and patriotic American who was doing everything in his power to promote the public good in his great office. Mr. Dole said that he was one of those who looked forward hopefully to the time when there would be a federation of the Anglo-Saxon race, when the stars and stripes and British Jack floated side by side on the same ships in every sea, carrying Anglo-Saxon civilization and Anglo-Saxon institutions to every corner of the globe.

Mr. D. W. Anderson responded very briefly to the toast "The Ladies," and then the program was closed with a recitation and songs by George Hayelden, J. L. Cockburn, W. H. Bradley, George Parker and others.

THE SCOTS. About thirty members and friends of the Scottish Thistle Club gathered Saturday evening in the club rooms and also observed the coronation. No set program had been arranged, but the celebration was enthusiastic in spite of its informality. Music and recitations, brief speeches and refreshments kept the Scots busy until a late hour.

## JOHN K. SUMNER HOME FROM TAHITI

John K. Sumner, the Hawaiian patriarch, who married a Tahitian princess, returned last week on the Sierra by way of San Francisco from Tahiti. Despite his eighty-seven years Mr. Sumner is looking hale and hearty and carries his age like a man twenty years his junior.

Sumner is the defendant in a suit brought by the Oahu Railway and Land Co. to compel him to allow the exercise of an option given a number of years ago for the purchase of certain lands near the Honolulu harbor for \$100,000. He has put all his property in the Hawaiian Islands in trust for certain purposes with the Bishop of Panapolis and the latter is also a defendant in the suit.

Mr. Sumner was seen yesterday at the home of his niece, Mrs. Buffande, at Beretania and Alexander streets. He said that times were not very good in Tahiti though there was as usual much success in pearl hunting on the neighboring islands. He has returned to fight the suit for possession of the Sumner lands in and about the harbor.

Mr. Sumner made the trip from Tahiti to San Francisco on the Mariposa on her oil experimenting voyage, and reports that the results were highly successful. Not only was the saving in fuel considerable but the force needed to work the engine rooms could be much smaller. Where twenty-six men had been utilized by the Mariposa in burning coal but half a dozen were required to take care of the oil burners.

"The Oceanic Company is planning to make a change in the Tahiti schedule," said Mr. Sumner, "and in the near future the Mariposa may be put on a run from San Francisco to Tahiti, then to Honolulu and from here back to San Francisco. At present Tahiti has a monthly steamer service and it seems pretty long between mails, though it is much better than with the old sailing vessels. Now it requires twelve days to go to San Francisco from Tahiti, and then it took me six more days to reach here, while if the Mariposa had been running on the proposed schedule, it would have taken me six or seven days instead of eighteen. The Oceanic people have an idea that the new route would pay better than the old present schedule, as people could take in both Hawaii and Tahiti on a pleasure trip. I believe this new scheme is now in Speer's hands and it may be pushed through."

Fusion for Maui.

Now is the time for the Republican party on Maui to do politics which will prove themselves worthy of the trust of the people at large. A fusion of the Republican and Democratic forces on Maui is indispensable to victory this fall, and that result can be accomplished by placing an avowed Democrat, say Thomas Clark or T. H. Jones, on the Republican ticket as candidate for the Legislature, and this should be done without asking the candidate to avow himself as either a Republican or a supporter of the Republican platform. The Republicans have not forgotten the bitter defeat of two years ago, and the lesson then should serve to guide them now.—Maui News.

## DIVES FROM HIGH ROOF

### Crazed Hawaiian Leaps for His Freedom.

(From Monday's Daily.)

With a thousand people gathered about to see his finish, Aka, a native who was half crazed by domestic and other troubles, took a dive from the roof of the old Chinese theater building, in Aala lane yesterday afternoon, and is now lying at the Queen's Hospital with a fracture of the thigh at the joint. That he lives is nearly a miracle for he must have fallen not less than fifty feet. A wire line and a friend helped to break his fall, however.

It was a lively four hours that Aala knew half before and the rest after the noon hour. Not only did Aka give his aerial exhibition but a hack drove in front of a Rapid Transit car with serious results to the vehicle and painful ones to the driver, who maintains that he did not hear any bell as he drove out of the lane into King street. This started the exhibition. Then after Aka's act, and while Policeman Silva, who had been on the roof trying to save the madman, was putting on his shoes seated on the veranda of a Chinese lodging house, he was attacked by Chinese, who the police think have read of Judge Gear's remarks about the rights of Orientals when the police are a party, and was severely beaten about the head with clubs. Altogether Aala had a lively afternoon.

Aka's piliikia is attributed to a quarrel with his wife. The pair live in one of the tenements adjoining the old theater, in Aala lane, almost midway between King street and Beretania avenue. They had a difference of opinion Saturday according to reports, and Aka pondered over the matter until his thoughts and certain features of his diet turned his head. He then swore that he would have revenge and it is said went out threatening that he would kill the woman. The reports of impending trouble started, grew and finally were taken to the Police Station in such shape as to involve the killing of the woman and a baby. So it was that at 10 o'clock yesterday morning police were sent to watch Aka.

He was not to be caught however and going out through a skylight of the tenement ascended to the roof of the theater building, passing along the eaves until he had come to a point remote from the house and at the highest point from the rear yard of the building. There he perched and for three hours and a half resisted every blandishment of the hundreds who tried their hand at inducing him to come off the roof. At length the situation became intolerable. Police were anxious that it end and Detective McDuffie determined to try to catch the man. He secured a rope from a Chinese store nearby and wetting it so that it could be thrown followed Aka to the roof. But the Hawaiian was not to be captured. McDuffie tried moral suasion and this failing endeavored to get on the blind side of Aka to lasso him. But the wild man had no blind side. He was ever on the alert and gave no chances.

Duncan and Manuel Garcia followed McDuffie and finding that every effort to attract the attention of Aka, so as to trap him, failed, it was decided that the Porto Rican policeman should be sent after the Hawaiian. A noose was made and put about Garcia, and he was lowered from the peak of the roof down to the eave, on which precarious footing the Hawaiian was resting. Aka saw him coming and waited with a face showing the ferocity of his nature. As soon as Garcia came near enough to grab the shirt of Aka, the Hawaiian, permitting himself to be grasped, began to belabor Garcia, seeming to know that his captor could not let go. Garcia's situation was far from pleasant. He had tied the knot in the rope himself, but had made it a slip noose. This was tightening about his mid-st, under the weight of himself and the fighting Hawaiian.

Garcia could not let go for the Hawaiian would have gone off the roof, and the strain on the men above holding the rope also began to tell. Charles Silva, one of the police squad, decided that he would take a hand, and he threw his shoes and went to join the struggling pair. Aka was content to deal with the Porto Rican, who is smaller, but he did not want Silva to get to him. He watched the progress of the latter, Garcia being drawn out of harm's way, until the big policeman was close at hand. He then laid down and looked over the edge of the roof, rising before the blue coat was near. Then he showed that he intended to jump.

For a second only he grazed at the point which he had selected for his landing, and the hundreds of people with cries began to urge him to stay and not take the leap. He fixed his hands above his head just the position that he would have done had he intended to spring into the water for a high dive. Then, as Silva was close at hand, he leaped forward and made a very pretty dive. He went down like a plummet, his hands still together above his head. A native friend ran to catch him and stood near the spot where he would reach the ground. But his flight was to be arrested. Aka fell with his mouth open, and this saved his life.

(Continued on Page 4.)



# CHANCES FOR THE CUBANS

## Reciprocity Fight Viewed From Capital.

(Special to the Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 9.—The Cuban reciprocity question, which agitated Congress excessively at the last session and which, indirectly at least, is of vital interest to Hawaiian industries, is cropping up forcibly and in peculiar fashion.

President Roosevelt's statement in his Pittsburgh speeches that a Cuban reciprocity treaty would be negotiated "sure as fate" has been taken up as a slogan in many States and is ringing from stump to stump. In the Congressional districts, represented by Republicans who bolted the reciprocity program, aspiring candidates for the nomination are accepting it as an excuse for "getting in on the game," and some of the veteran leaders against reciprocity are grappling like albatrosses with these ambitious aspirants. The President naturally has quite a following among the newspapers of all these States, and as always happens when a Congressman goes against the expressed wishes of the President who is by virtue of his position the political leader of his party, are lambasting these recalcitrants. Out in the Minnesota district which Representative Tawney represents, there is a Republican whirlwind. Mr. Tawney was in the forefront of the reciprocity fight, standing out till the last ditch. Hardly had he returned from Washington before the fight was begun in his district. His renomination and re-election are regarded as sure, but they will not come without a severe struggle, for the influence of the administration is certainly not being thrown for him.

The scores of influences that make for victory one way or another in political campaigns are all tending towards the President's declaration for reciprocity. The cry for an extra session of Congress to ratify a treaty of reciprocity is heard constantly and with especial force just now. The representatives who come to town for a day or two on department business are careful to get in the newspapers that they are for reciprocity and, if they have not gone on record as against it, they are careful to emphasize that they have thought all along that reciprocity was a mighty good thing. Representative Foster, of Vermont, one of the best fellows in the House, came down from Vermont the other day and declared that the people up there were heart and soul for the President's Cuban policy. Representative Sherman, of Utah, N. Y., and one of the most prominent Republicans in the House as well as vice-chairman of the Republican Congressional Committee, is back from a long trip to California, and in an interview he declares that the people of the beet sugar growing state of the Pacific Coast are backing the President's policy enthusiastically.

Undoubtedly there is to be more of the fight yet. When the representatives have secured a re-election and no longer are immediately in need of votes, there will likely be a cessation of the clamor for Cuban reciprocity. It is not probable that the recalcitrant senators, who voted against considering the Cuban reciprocity bill, have materially changed their views. When the Senate comes to consider the subject, either in treaty form or otherwise, the opposition will then be seen in its real light. No man can say whether a treaty will be ratified, although the President will undoubtedly seek to have it ratified with all the power there is back of his high office.

There is great rejoicing here today among the friends of the Pacific Commercial Cable Company over the decision announced from Oyster Bay, which will probably reach Honolulu in advance of this letter, that permission is given for the landing of a cable at San Francisco, Honolulu, Guam, and Manila. Attorney General Knox has given the subject very careful consideration and the provisions attached to the landing of the cable and to the furnishing by the government of charts of soundings across the Pacific and other available information. This is believed here to assure the speedy construction of the cable to Guam and Manila. No doubt exists here that the directors of the Pacific Commercial Cable Company will accept the terms imposed by the government.

The Interior Department has written to Honolulu for a reply as to compliance from Porto Ricans in the Hawaiian Islands that they have been improperly treated. The complaint was forwarded here some weeks ago and returned for recommendations. There has been some delay in receiving a reply and accordingly the department has written a second letter as it is not desired to act till the Territorial authorities are heard from. The complaint makes no mention of particular plantations but cites that Porto Rican employees, who went from Porto Rico quite a time ago to work on the sugar plantations have been improperly treated and hope the government will afford them some relief and some assistance towards getting back to their former homes.

It was stated at the Attorney General's office that nothing has yet been done towards selecting a successor to Judge Humphreys. While the opinion prevails there that the President will name the man before September 1, it is thought that he will not take the matter up for probably a couple of weeks yet. As far as can be learned at the Attorney General's office today

# THE KING REVIEWS THE FLEET

PORTSMOUTH, Aug. 18.—King Edward completed the program of the coronation festivities today by reviewing the fleet for the first time since his accession. From a spectacular point of view the assembling of a hundred and odd war vessels in the roadstead off Spithead was a magnificent show, but to those looking beneath the brilliant veneer of paint and polish, it was evident that the fighting strength of the fleet was by no means formidable. The line of ships was thickly dotted with ineffectives. However, the display represented merely the home fleet, not a single vessel having been withdrawn from a foreign station to participate in the pageant.

The day opened fine. There was an immense influx of visitors. The waters of the Solent were covered with pleasure craft of every variety, from the tiny canoe to the big excursion steamer, and every vantage point on shore was covered with spectators. At 8 a. m. in response to a signal, the fleet broke out flags and in a space of a minute the lines of black hulls were transformed into vari-colored lanes of fluttering bunting. Simultaneously the pennant of Admiral Sir Charles Hotham, commander-in-chief at Portsmouth, was flung out from the peak of the Royal Sovereign, which today acted as flagship of the fleet. Five other Admirals' flags were also in view in different sections of the parade. The five lines which the fleet was moored were located midway between the Isle of Wight and the mainland.

# BOER GENERALS AT SOUTHAMPTON

SOUTHAMPTON, Aug. 16.—Generals Botha, De Wet and Delarey arrived here this morning and met with a great reception, both from government officials and the public. The Boer Generals looked remarkably well and evidently were much pleased at the heartiness of the welcome accorded them. Soon after landing they boarded the steamship Nigeria, where Joseph Chamberlain, the Colonial Secretary, Earl Roberts and General Lord Kitchener greeted them. They were also introduced to Mrs. Chamberlain and Lady Roberts, with whom they chatted for some time.

Official arrangements had been made to permit the Generals to witness the naval review, but after a conference with Abram Fischer, the former Boer delegate, who came from The Hague, it was announced that they intended to proceed direct to London in order to reach Holland as speedily as possible. The Generals go to Holland to pay their last respects to the memory of General Lucas Meyer, who died of heart disease on August 8.

General De Wet, in conversation here, confirmed the statement that he and his companions will visit the United States before returning to South Africa.

## Known in Honolulu.

OAKLAND, Aug. 15.—Charles D. Conger, a nephew of United States Minister Conger, gained a partial victory over his wife, Lillie M. Conger, who is suing him for divorce on the ground of extreme cruelty, by the decision of Judge Hall this morning who sustained a demurrer to the complaint. Mrs. Conger was granted ten days in which to file an additional complaint.

The President has not discussed the matter at all yet.

Minister I. B. Dudley, of Lima, has forwarded to the State Department the following report as to sugar in the Peruvian Republic:

"Business conditions in Peru today are in unfavorable contrast with those of a year ago. The general prosperity of the country may be fairly said to vary with that of the sugar producer. It is true that new channels of investment are being opened and put to account, by reason of which this dependence may rapidly lessen; but the bulk of the capital—certainly 40 per cent—is invested in the plantations of cane which occupy the irrigated valleys of the coast. In consequence of the decline in the price of sugar during the last year, the industry has suffered most severely, and with it all the allied or dependent interests. On all plantations the number of laborers has been greatly reduced.

"The annual export of sugar is approximately 120,000 tons. In 1899, sugar sold for \$2.68 per cwt. f. o. b.; today it sells for \$1.50. Prior to the fall in price this exportation at the average price of \$2.43 per cwt. produced \$5,844,000. Today that income is reduced to \$3,300,000. A commission was appointed a few days ago 'to investigate and report to the executive on measures calculated to relieve the difficult situation of the sugar industry.'

One of the most difficult questions of patronage President Roosevelt has been called upon to settle for a long time, has been practically settled—that of the selection of a Commissioner for the District of Columbia, in which the city of Washington is located. There are three of these Commissioners—a Republican, a Democrat, and an army officer, each of whom receives a salary of \$5,000 a year and an appointment for three years, which in the case of civilians is likely to be renewed. The recent death of Commissioner John W. Ross, who was a Democrat, created a vacancy which it has become imperative for the President to fill at an early day and the fight for the place has been most vigorous on the part of the numerous Democrats in the district. It is conceded now that Mr. Henry L. West, a newspaper man and for years a political writer on the Washington Post, will be named for the vacancy. His appointment is expected from Oyster Bay this evening or Monday.

The Commissioners of the District of Columbia are in Washington what the mayor is to most cities. With Mr. West as a Commissioner, the district will be substantially ruled by two newspaper correspondents as the Republican incumbent, Mr. H. B. F. Macfarland, has been for many years a newspaper correspondent, representing here the Boston Herald and the Philadelphia Record. As the commissioners are the highest political offices in the district, which is disfranchised under the law of Congress in force for the last twenty years, they are eagerly sought after whenever vacancies occur.

ERNEST G. WALKER.

# THE FAIRS KILLED BY AUTOMOBILE

## San Francisco Millionaire and Wife Meet an Instant and Frightful Death Near Paris.

PARIS, Aug. 14.—Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Fair of San Francisco, who had been stopping at the Hotel Ritz, in Paris, during the greater part of the summer, were killed this afternoon in an automobile accident at Pacy-sur-Eure, a village situated about fifty miles to the west of Paris and ten miles east of Evreux. Mr. Fair himself was driving his automobile at a high rate of speed when one of the pneumatic tires burst. The machine swerved, collided with a tree and, with a terrible crash, was overturned. Mr. and Mrs. Fair were killed outright and the chauffeur was badly injured. Fair and his wife suffered terrible injuries, the head of the man being crushed and that of his wife split.

Mr. and Mrs. Fair had been staying at Trouville during racing week. They had a very fast forty-five horse-power automobile, which attracted considerable attention and with which they were highly pleased. The accident occurred at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon and almost in front of the Chateau Bulson du Mail. The Fairs intended to dine and spend the night in Paris and return to Trouville for lunch tomorrow.

The wife of the gatekeeper of the chateau was the only witness to the disaster. She says she noticed a big red automobile coming along the road at a tremendous speed. Suddenly something happened and the heavy machine slid sideways from the right to the left side of the road for about sixty yards. It then dashed up an embankment, turned a complete somersault and crashed into a big elm tree in front of the gate of the chateau. The automobile was completely wrecked. The front axle was broken and other parts of the machine were smashed, including the steering gear.

When the auto turned over, the wife of the gatekeeper says she saw Mr. and Mrs. Fair thrown high in the air and fall with a heavy thud to the ground. The chauffeur, who was sitting behind the Fairs, was precipitated into a ditch. He staggered to his feet, calling for help. The gatekeeper's wife rushed to his assistance and aided him in extricating Mr. and Mrs. Fair, who were buried beneath the wrecked machine and in the last throes of death. Both had sustained ghastly injuries and were almost unrecognizable. Mr. Fair's head had been crushed in, while his wife's skull was split.

The chauffeur was terribly affected at the calamity and seemed bereft of his senses. He threw himself into a ditch on the opposite side of the road and rolled about crying, "My poor masters."

M. Borsion, owner of the Chateau Bulson du Mail, was summoned, and, after consulting the local authorities of the accident, ordered the bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Fair to be carried to the gatekeeper's lodge. Here they now lie on mattresses and flowers have been strewn over them. In the room are three wax tapers burning dimly.

The accident was evidently due to the bursting of a tire. At the time it occurred the automobile, which was capable of running seventy-four miles an

# ANOTHER DASH FOR NORTH POLE

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—William Zeigler, who has financed the Evelyn B. Baldwin Polar exploring expedition, sent a cablegram of instructions today to Mr. Baldwin to acquaint him with the directions given to him by Mr. Zeigler in charge of the relief and exploring party, which might be termed an auxiliary expedition. The fact that a letter of credit was cablegrammed to Mr. Baldwin, the cablegram, in full, reads as follows:

"Baldwin, Tromsø.—Camp in charge of Trithof with relief and exploring party fully equipped, has been instructed, in case of failure to meet Baldwin or his failure to reach destination, to winter in Franz Josef Land and to make independent dash in spring, 1903. Baldwin with America to return to Franz Josef Land to meet Champ's returning party and in case their failure to winter there and make another attempt to reach the following spring, 1904. Letter of credit cabled today.

## Small Farming on Maui.

Mr. E. H. Bailey, inspector of customs at Kahului, is perhaps the best posted man on Maui so far as small farming is concerned, having been born and raised on the island, and having paid much attention from boyhood to agricultural matters.

On being asked his opinion as to the views expressed by Mr. John Horner of Hawaii, in a recent issue of the Honolulu Advertiser, Mr. Bailey stated that any one who should come to Maui and undertake small farming would at first meet exactly the experience described by Mr. Horner, as to the destruction of crops by worms.

However, Mr. Bailey contends that a proper study of times and conditions for planting, and a free use of available means for fighting the ravages of worms will obviate much of the trouble complained of by Mr. Horner. The two principal pests are cut worms and ground worms. Plovers and mynah birds, also poultry, if available, take care of the cut worms, and parls green and four exterminate the ground worms.

Mr. Bailey has prepared twenty acres this spring and has just finished planting it to potatoes, corn, melons, squashes, wheat and barley, having studied the conditions and planted so as to avoid the worst season for worms. He has imported a large quantity and variety of seed potatoes for experimental purposes this season.—Side Lights.

## Motivorous Bandit Slain

ROME, Aug. 14.—Lombardo, the most notorious Italian brigand after Musolino, has been surrounded by troops on Mount Appennino, in the province of Reggio, and killed, after a serious encounter.

hour, was going at the rate of sixty-two miles an hour.

The local police authorities hold in their possession and have sealed up a valise belonging to the Fairs, which contains jewelry, two letters of credit, a French bank note worth \$200 and some old coins.

The Fairs have been living lately in Paris at the Hotel Ritz, and kept their apartments there while they were staying at Trouville. This morning the Fairs sent a dispatch from Trouville to the management of the Hotel Ritz saying they would arrive there this evening.

Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., who was Mr. Fair's sister, returned from Trouville Sunday and called for New York yesterday on the North German Lloyd steamer Kronprinz Wilhelm.

Charles L. Fair's estate is worth probably ten million dollars or more.

## THE CHAUFFEUR'S STORY.

PARIS, Aug. 15.—The chauffeur of the automobile in which Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Fair were killed, whose name is Brey, returned to Paris this morning. In an interview with the correspondent of the Associated Press he threw some further light on the cause of the accident, saying:

"When we left Trouville Mr. Fair was suffering from bronchial catarrh. He coughed frequently on the road and during the fits of coughing his face was much congested, evidently producing slight dizziness. He had just been coughing when I noticed that the tire of one of the hind wheels was deflated. I realized the danger and jumped to my feet and leaning forward I shouted in Mr. Fair's ear in English: 'Stop quick! Tire no good.' Mr. Fair glanced back, but did not reply. Apparently he tried to stop, but in doing so he must have made the wrong steering movement, as the machine swerved across the road and went in a straight line for a tree. Mrs. Fair, as she saw the direction the automobile was taking, clasped her husband's shoulders with her arms and turned her face back towards me with a look which said plainly 'We are lost.' The next moment came the crash and I was thrown into a field beside the road and stunned. When I recovered which I did, I limped to the side of my master and mistress and with the help of the chateau gatekeeper's wife extricated the bodies from the wreck."

Asked if either then showed signs of life, Brey replied:

"Both seemed to be dead, but I was in such a dazed condition from shock and affected by the ghastly spectacle presented by the wounds on the heads of both victims that I did not notice whether either moved or not. The gatekeeper's wife said afterwards that Mr. Fair moved his foot and that his wife moved her hand as they lay on the ground, but I did not see the movements. The woman did not say whether the man or his wife stirred last."

The bodies are due to arrive in Paris at 3:55 this afternoon. They will be deposited in the vault of the Church of the Madeleine until they are shipped to the United States.

# BOERS MAY COME TO CALIFORNIA

FRESNO, August 15.—There arrived last evening a party whose coming may prove of significance to Fresno county. In the party are W. A. Bissell of San Francisco, assistant traffic manager of the Santa Fe; J. J. Byrne of Los Angeles, general passenger agent, and Industrial Commissioner Merritt of Chicago, and two men who are officers, Albert Pearson and a friend, both of whom took part in the recent war in South Africa.

They represent wealthy Boer families, who since the war have become dissatisfied with home conditions because of their being subject to England. Arrived in America from England, they were met by Merritt, the industrial commissioner of the Santa Fe, who escorted them across the continent to California, believing that within the boundaries of this State they would find a climate not dissimilar to their own at home and land which would be limited in its wealth of production only by the industry with which they cultivate it. En route they were met by Messrs. Bissell and Byrne, and by them directed to the San Joaquin valley as the place most likely to meet with their approval.

Yesterday they were in Bakersfield and on the lands of the Kern County Land Company, and, arriving here late last night, spent the night in this city and left on their special train at an early hour this morning for Laton and the Laguna de Tache. It is not known whether the party will continue to the north or return south.

The Boers have come as the representatives of a community of well-to-do farmers who have associated themselves in this venture. They have been given full power to act, and their recommendations as to a site for the colony will be final. Should this county please them it will mean that hundreds of Boer families will flock in here.

## Kaiser Raises a Storm.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—A perfect storm has been raised in Germany by the publication of the Emperor's telegram to the Prince regent of Bavaria criticizing the conduct of the Reichsrath, and offering to make a gift of the money which the Reichsrath refused to vote for art purposes, cables the Tribune's London correspondent. There is a disposition to regard the incident as an unwarrantable interference in the domestic affairs of the federated State. The radical press claims for the most part the idea that the Emperor acted solely in the interests of art.

## Turks Fight Bulgarians.

VIENNA, August 15.—Local newspapers publish reports of a sanguinary fight between two battalions of Turkish infantry and a band of Bulgarian-Macedonian revolutionists near Uakub, European Turkey. The revolutionists were cut to pieces and the Turks had many men killed and wounded.

# J. P. MORGAN WANTS LAKE SHIPPING

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 18.—The Plain-dealer today says:

"A definite offer has been made for the stock of the American Shipbuilding Company and the directors are considering the matter. Their reply will be given the first of next month, when they meet in special session.

"The man behind the deal is J. Pierpont Morgan.

"The present transaction will strike at the control of the Great Lakes. The American Shipbuilding Company with its headquarters in Cleveland owns property valued at \$15,000,000, with an extra reserve fund of \$3,000,000. It is doing an immense business. It is said that the aim of the Eastern trust is not only to get control of the American Shipbuilding Company's business, but eventually of that of other large concerns, so as to practically monopolize the entire business from the Atlantic to the Mississippi and undoubtedly in the end all the trade from ocean to ocean.

"Two days ago representatives of the Eastern trust arrived in the city. The stocks of the American Shipbuilding Company took a jump. Thursday the common stock advanced from \$49.25 to \$54.25. It was known by those of the inner circles that a proposition was contemplated. It came yesterday. The price offered for the common stock was \$100 and for the preferred \$150."

# MRS. PARKER TO SELL ST. JAMES

SAN JOSE, August 13.—There is a probability that the Hotel St. James may be sold in the near future. It is the desire of Mrs. Abigail K. Campbell Parker, the administratrix of the estate of the late James Campbell, the owner of the St. James, to sell the property and invest the proceeds in the Hawaiian Islands.

It will be remembered that James Campbell, deceased, was a millionaire planter, whose residence was in Honolulu, H. I. In April, 1900, he died and left his vast estate, including the Hotel St. James in this city, to his wife and four children. The property was bequeathed to Mrs. Campbell, Joseph O. Carter and Cecil Brown, to be held in trust for them as several of the children were not yet of age.

Mrs. Campbell has since married Colonel Sam Parker, the ceremony taking place last fall, the particulars of which are still fresh in the minds of the people in this city. Mr. Parker is a resident of the islands and the entire family make Honolulu their home.

Mrs. Parker, as administratrix, has petitioned the Probate Court in this county asking that an order be made granting her permission to sell the St. James Hotel and furnishings. The petitioner states that as the interests of all the heirs are in the islands she deems it best to sell the property belonging to the estate in this city and invest the proceeds in property in the islands.

Judge Hyland has issued an order fixing September 19th as the day for hearing the petition. C. T. Bird is attorney for the Campbell estate in this city.

The Hotel St. James is valued at about \$124,000 and the furnishings are worth about \$10,000 additional. Since the building has been remodeled it is one of the finest and most conveniently equipped hotels in the interior of the State.

# WHOSE FAULT IS IT

A Local Occurrence That Will Interest Many Readers in Honolulu.

If, when a fog horn warns the mariner to sheer off the coast, he still hugs the shore and wrecks upon it, whose fault is it? If the red switch light it up and the driver deliberately pulls ahead and pitches into another train, blame the driver. If a careless workman will in spite of warning try to find out how many teeth a buzz saw has, and the saw tries to find out how many fingers the workman has, blame the workman, not the saw. If a sick man knows that a certain medicine is doing him good, and he carelessly neglects to use it, blame the man, not the medicine. If Honolulu people who have kidney complaint and backache will not take Doan's Backache Kidney Pills when they are endorsed by scores of citizens, blame the people, not the endorsers. Read this endorsement:

Mr. John E. Bush of Punchbowl st., this city, is attached to the Hawaiian interpretation staff at the Supreme Court. He says: "I had kidney trouble, and, acting on the recommendation of a friend, who had tried my invaluable remedy, I got some of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills at Hollister Drug Co.'s store. They were just as beneficial to me as they had been to my friend. It is well the virtues of these pills should be made known, for they really are an excellent medicine for kidney trouble."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box, or sent by mail on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

Remember the name—DOAN'S—and take no other.

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# LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS...

AGENTS FOR

New England Mutual Life Insurance Co OF BOSTON.

Aetna Life Insurance Company OF HARTFORD.

District Attorney Jerome, of New York, whose father, Lawrence Jerome, was a celebrated wit of his day, says that on a certain occasion, when he was a little chap, he was riding on his father's knee in a Fifth Avenue stage, every other seat being taken. At the corner a lady entered, and his father said to him in severe tones: "Why, Travers, my boy, I am ashamed of you! Why don't you get up and give this lady your seat?"



## A CALL FOR SHIPS

### Our War Vessels Are Wanted at La Guaira.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Definite information was received at the Navy Department from Commander Nickels, of the Topeka, dated Puerto Cabello, which corrected the misapprehension which arose out of the garbled dispatch received Thursday last from which the department assumed and announced that Puerto Cabello had fallen into the hands of the revolutionists. Yesterday, when it appeared from a more careful study of the dispatch that a possible misconstruction had been placed upon it, Acting Secretary Darling cabled Commander Nickels asking whether the department's construction was correct. A reply dated yesterday received this morning read as follows:

"No; everything is quiet at Puerto Cabello. Will sail for Curacao for coal and stores and start tonight. A German man-of-war will remain here during the absence."

It is apparent from the above dispatch that the forces of Castro still hold Puerto Cabello. The Topeka sailed last night in accordance with advice sent by Commander Nickels, and according to a dispatch received today arrived at Curacao, which is only a few hours' run from Puerto Cabello. After taking coal and supplies aboard he will return to Puerto Cabello, and in the meantime the German warship will look after American, German and other foreign interests at that port. The cruiser Cincinnati left Barcelona last night and arrived at La Guaira today. Commander McLean in reporting his arrival stated that he had left everything quiet at Barcelona. Both the Cincinnati and Marietta are now at La Guaira. No explanation has been received from Commander McLean as to his reasons for leaving Barcelona at this time. His movements are practically under the control of the American Minister. Several days ago Minister Bowen was telegraphing in all directions for a warship to come to La Guaira and on Thursday he reported to the State Department that he had been unable to reach either the Marietta or the Cincinnati. It is surmised that he finally secured communication with both of them about the same time and that both Commander McLean of the Cincinnati and Commander Rodgers of the Marietta hastened to respond to his urgent appeal. The result is he now has two ships at his service.

The United States Minister at Caracas, Venezuela, has telegraphed the Department of State that he has reliable information to the effect that there is no blockade of the ports of Carapupo, Colorado and Guaira. At Ciudad Bolivar, however, the blockade is effective.

Mr. Bowen reports that the Government troops have shown great courtesy to non-combatants in the Orinoco region and that the revolutionists have been equally magnanimous at Ciudad Bolivar, where food supplies are plentiful.

The foregoing dispatch probably refers to the extent of difficulty met by American steamers, including those of the Asphalt Company, which operate in the region referred to. As Ciudad Bolivar is the only place where the blockade is effective and the revolutionists are showing magnanimous treatment of foreigners there, the situation is relieved of any critical aspect at these points.

## WILD RIDE ON A DEER'S BACK

WILLOWS, Aug. 14.—A party of hunters which passed through town last evening on their return from a hunting trip in the Coast range related the wild experience of a hunter by the name of Joe Mealey with a large buck.

Mealey, early one morning last week, hunting alongside a steep mountain, shot a large buck, the opposite side of a rugged ravine. The hunter sat astride the prostrate animal to cut its throat, but the moment the keen blade of the knife penetrated its hide the buck jumped to his feet, and, with the hunter on his back, clinging to the antlers and neck for dear life, was off on a wild run. The buck continued the wild dash for over a third of a mile, jumping small ravines, leaping brush and going like the wind, before it was exhausted and dropped dead.

It is stated that the deer was one of the largest killed in those parts for years, and that Mealey was sick from the fright and dangerous ride. He could not jump off, as that would have meant certain death, and he knew not at what moment the deer would leap over a steep precipice.

## THE AUTOPSY KILLS THEM.

Lives of Electrocuted Murderers Not Taken by the Shock.

NEW YORK, August 16.—F. A. Stratton, vice president of an electric lighting company in Westchester county, this State, says that murderers sentenced to die in the electric chair are frequently not killed by the electric current and that they would be buried alive if it were not for the autopsy which follows the electrocution. Mr. Stratton says:

"Nearly every week we have men shocked by higher voltage currents than are used in the electric chair at Sing Sing, yet they come around all right after a few days' treatment. This being the case, it is not probable that some of the murderers who are sentenced to the electric chair could be resuscitated if they received prompt medical attention and the same care that is given to one of our linemen after he meets with an accident? I have often thought that a great many people who are supposed to have been electrocuted are in reality buried alive."

## Gave Lecture on Hawaii.

An illustrated lecture on "Hawaii, the Paradise of the Pacific," by Walter C. Weedon, last evening, at the Young Men's Christian Association, was delivered before a packed house. In order to accommodate those who could not gain admission, it was announced the lecture will be repeated next Tuesday evening. The views will be entirely different and many new points brought out in the lecture.—Chronicle.

## PRINCE CHEN IN NEW YORK CITY

NEW YORK, August 9.—Prince Chen, who was to have represented the Chinese Government at the coronation of King Edward when that event was expected to take place in June, arrived here today on the steamship St. Paul from Southampton.

The prince was accompanied by a numerous suite and by Sir Liang Chen Tung, who is to succeed Wu Ting Fang as minister to this country next January. The distinguished Chinese were met at quarantine by Assistant Secretary of State Pierce, representing the Government; Wu Ting Fang, James B. Reynolds, private secretary to Mayor Low; the Chinese Consul and the Vice-Consul.

The prince greeted the receiving party heartily and after the exchange of salutations he addressed the assembled newspaper men as follows:

"Her August Majesty, the Empress of China, desires me to express her thanks to the American people for their kindly feeling toward us and sends her good wishes to all," and adding, "Every American is my friend."

Upon disembarking Prince Chen and his party were driven to the Waldorf-Astoria. Monday the Prince will go to Oyster Bay, at the invitation of President Roosevelt. His stay in this city is limited to three days.

Sir Liang Chen Tung said he was pleased beyond expression at his appointment as Minister to the United States. "I was afraid they would send me to Paris," he added.

## CAPT. CARTER PROTESTS.

Convicted Army Officer Says He Never Stole a Cent.

DULUTH, Minn., August 16.—Captain O. M. Carter appeals to the American people to suspend judgment against him, in a letter written to his chief counsel, Judge H. G. Stone, who is now in Duluth. Carter says that his desire be made known through the press to his fellow countrymen.

The letter follows:

"I wish to say that all the evidence shows that I have never stolen a cent from the Government nor ever received a cent paid by the Government to Gaynor and Greene, nor to any other contractor. I am prepared to show where I got every cent of money which I ever had or ever spent. Under such circumstances, I ask the American people to suspend judgment against me until I can have a regular trial and be given an opportunity to prove my entire innocence and honesty and to clear myself of the outrageous charges filed against me. I shall be able to prove beyond a doubt that I did my duty without fear or favor and that the Government never lost a single cent through any work done under my charge. I feel that I have suffered an unjust and disgraceful imprisonment without being guilty of any wrong doing whatever. I propose to fight as hard as Captain Dreyfus fought and, even with an overwhelming public opinion against him."

British Naval Review.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—Portsmouth is now filled with visitors who have gone to witness the naval review. Several royal personages have joined the royal party off Cowes.

Colonial Secretary Chamberlain and Mrs. Chamberlain, Earl Roberts, commander-in-chief of the forces, and General Lord Kitchener reached Southampton and boarded the steamer Nigeria upon which the Boer Generals De Wet, Delarey and Botha will be welcomed upon their arrival from South Africa and entertained during the review. The Lords of the Admiralty arrived at Portsmouth and boarded the Admiralty yacht Enchantress, which will participate in the naval procession to be reviewed by King Edward.

At an investiture held on board the royal yacht at Cowes, fifty gentlemen received coronation honors from His Majesty's hands.

Crops and Money Rates.

NEW YORK, August 16.—Gratification over the country's brilliant crop prospects and anxiety as to the effect on money rates if the imminent demand from the interior for currency have divided attention on the stock exchange this week. Heavy offerings of sterling loan bills have broken the exchange market and put a check to the gold export movement. Many rumors have continued prevalent of intended railroad combinations and absorptions and speculative pools have been active in several quarters of the market. The sailing for home of J. P. Morgan was also made the occasion for speculation, based on rumored financial projects believed to await his coming.

## Foxes Choking to Death.

NEVADA CITY, Aug. 14.—Joe Kistie, a mountaineer, who has trapped almost every kind of wild animal, has been setting traps of late to capture two immense mountain lions. They have made their hideouts in the vicinity of New York canyon. The other morning Kistie heard cries from the trap and went to investigate. He was surprised to find two full-grown foxes. Greater was his surprise when he found that both had collars around their necks, which were all but choking them to death. The foxes had evidently been captured when young, afterward escaping. The flesh had grown about their necks, and in a short time both would have died from strangulation.

## The Row at Shenandoah.

SHERANDOAH, Pa., August 16.—Sherandoah, after a night of excitement, is again quiet. After midnight the streets were clear. The quick march of the troops into the foreign quarter where the disturbance occurred opened the eyes of the people and they now feel that the soldiers will be able to quell any disturbance.

The raiding of farms in the Catawba valley by strikers continues. On an appeal by the farmers the Brigadier General today sent the Governor's Troop on a march through that region.

## Few Pence for Peter.

ROME, August 16.—The Assumption day collection of Peter's pence in all the churches of Rome aggregated only \$500, much less than had been expected.

## POLITICS IN MAUI

### Wilcox Would Give All Offices to Natives.

MAUI, Aug. 23.—Saturday, the 16th, the Maui Home Rulers held a convention in the Wailuku skating rink. Delegate Wilcox was present and made an effective political address. The abilities of Wilcox as a politician are generally underestimated. He well knows Hawaiian character, especially that of the dweller of the country districts and understands how to play upon all its weaknesses, longings, and aspirations.

He raised the old cry, so it is reported, of "Hawaii for Hawaiians," which as interpreted by his hearers meant that Hawaiians should have all the offices. This sentiment was not only appreciated by the Home Rule Hawaiian but also by his Republican brother.

The nominations made were: Wm. White of Lahaina, for senator, and the following for representatives: Fred W. Beckley of Molokai, Chas. Makekau of Lahaina, Rev. J. K. Hihio of Kaunapali, Sol. Kawahoe of Wailuku, C. Louis Kokoo of Wailuku, and Wallehua of Hana. Ahauli Iokua of Kaupo was on the slate but was defeated by Makekau. Lahaina, the smallest of the islands, comes in for the lion's share,—a senator and two representatives,—while Makawao which is more than twice as large as regards population is completely ignored.

Monday, the 18th, a new Republican club was formed at Kihel with an enrollment of thirty members and James Scott as chairman. This association will be considered as a branch of the Predict Nine club until after the coming election.

Politics is a game of surprises and it will prove so on Maui in November. The Home Rulers are strong in Wailuku and Lahaina districts and the Republicans in Makawao and Hana. At the last election there was a tendency toward democracy in Lahaina which is at present pointed toward Republicanism.

The Home Rule ticket, in regard to candidates, is no stronger if as strong, as last time and the indications are that it will receive less support in Hana and Lahaina. The Republicans will probably nominate a stronger team than they did two years ago.

At the precinct meetings to be held today, the following candidates may be endorsed: Joel Nakaleka of Molokai, Alfred Hayseiden of Wailuku, Philip Pali of Lahaina, W. P. Hala or E. M. Hanuna of Hana and from Makawao, L. von Tempelky or Geo. Copp, and S. E. Kalama or John Kaluna.

## MAKAWAO LITERARY.

Last evening, the 22nd, the midsummer meeting of the Makawao Literary Society took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Lindsay of Pala.

There was a large gathering of Maui residents who much enjoyed the following program:

Piano Duet—Mrs. Grace Waterhouse and Mrs. Agnes Alexander.  
Vocal Solo—Miss Huntington.  
Recitation—Miss Lindholm.  
Vocal Solo—Miss Couleoude.  
Vocal Solo—Miss Whitney.  
Vocal Solo—Mr. D. C. Lindsay.  
Farce—"The Ruggles Family."

In this most humorous play, Mrs. S. E. Taylor assumed the character of "Mother Ruggles" and the following were the little Ruggles: Mrs. Grace Waterhouse, Misses Ethel and Eva Smith, Miss Huntington, Mrs. Hair, Messrs. C. H. Dickey, W. O. Aiken, L. A. Dickey and Geo. Kinney.

## NEW BUDDHIST TEMPLE.

At the dedication of the new Buddhist temple in Wailuku, last Sunday, the 17th, railroad trains conveyed hundreds of Japanese from all parts of central Maui. Services peculiar to the Buddhist religion were held between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. with several intermissions. Two or three thousand dollars in money were collected, some Japanese giving as much as \$50, while others, notably some Orientals from Kihel and Puunene, contributed the insignificant amount of a single dime.

## STRAY ITEMS.

The afternoon of the 17th, at Wells Park, Wailuku, the Waikapu overwhelmingly defeated the "Maui Alerts" at baseball by the score of 25 to 2. The Alerts pinned their faith to Peck of Puunene, who was said to be a professional pitcher. The Waikapu made nine runs in the first inning, which demoralized the Alerts. Then too they couldn't strike Searle who is constantly improving. In fact it is thought that Searle will soon rival Joy of Honolulu.

Many of the Portuguese farmers of Maui feel desperate because of the failure of their corn and potato crops. They threaten to abandon their farms and seek employment on the plantations.

Tomorrow, the 24th, the Maui Alerts will cross bats with the Morning Stars and feel confident that they will score more than two runs.

Sunday, the 24th, the three Hawaiian Sunday schools of Makawao, Pauwela and Peahi will meet together at Pookela Church, Makawao, and hold a "review" to be followed by a luau.

Misses Mary and Agnes Alexander, of Honolulu, are visiting at the C. H. Dickey, Haiku.

Miss Ruth Beckwith of California is at the residence of her grand parents, Dr. and Mrs. E. G. Beckwith of Hama-kapoko.

Miss Ada Whitney of Honolulu is the guest of her cousin, Mrs. W. E. Beckwith, at Maunaloa Seminary.

Maui has a great advantage over Oahu in regard to the supply of fine fresh beef. This week Manager L. von Tempelky of Haleakala Ranch drove in from Waiolap thirty or forty head of the finest sort of beef animals. So fat and sleek were they that as a herd they would have taken the prize in any agricultural fair.

Appropos of fairs, the farmers of Makawao inspired by the recent success of Mr. E. H. Bailey in gaining prizes in the Honolulu fair, are all plowing their lands preparatory for planting corn, potatoes, water-melons, etc.

Weather: Daily showers—electric storms during Tuesday and Wednesday on Haleakala's western slope.

## NOTES FROM THE MAUI PAPER.

WAILUKU, Maui, August 22.—An Quon, a well-to-do Chinese rice planter, 50 years old, committed suicide some time during Thursday night, near his residence, on the Waieae side of the valley, below Market street.

He went to bed Thursday night as usual in a room where two other Chinamen were sleeping, but they did not hear him get up. Yesterday morning he was found by another Chinaman hanging to a tree near the river.

There is no assignable cause for the deed and no reason to suspect foul play. A coroner's jury was impaneled, and returned a verdict of suicide by hanging.

## AMPUTATED ARM WITH AN AXE.

Kaopua, the young man who was recently severely hurt by a passing train, while asleep on the railroad track near Wailuku, was taken to the hospital, where it was found that the amputation of one arm was necessary.

The father of the young man objected to the operation, however, and removed him to his own home. Yesterday morning the physicians were called in again, and upon consultation they concluded that by amputation there was at least a faint hope of saving the young man's life. They left to make arrangements for the operation, but when they returned they found to their surprise that the arm had been cut off. It is stated that the young man's father chopped it off with an axe. There is now no hope for the young man's recovery.

## CAPTURED ESCAPED PRISONER.

Cecilia Rodrigues, a Porto Rican, who had been committed to the next term of Circuit Court at Lahaina, for an assault with a deadly weapon at Kihel, escaped from the Wailuku jail last Saturday morning at 5:30, while the prisoners were being brought out for breakfast.

For several days Rodrigues led the police officers a regular Tracy chase through the cane fields of central Maui, but on Tuesday morning he started for East Maui, through Peahi. Officer Thomas K. Pa had been notified of the escape of the Porto Rican, and was on the lookout for him. Pa arrested him without trouble and handed him over to the prison authorities at Wailuku, who will probably send him to Honolulu for safe keeping until his trial comes off in December. In the meantime he was sentenced to four months of hard labor for attempted escape, so that time will not hang heavily on Cecilia's hands while sojourning in the metropolis.

## MAUI NEWS NOTES.

Attorney George Hona, who went to the coast for his health, did not find the San Francisco climate beneficial, and has gone on to Colorado, his original destination.

The proposition of holding an agricultural fair at Wailuku next Fourth of July is meeting with general favor from those interested in small farming on Maui.

A grand concert is to be given at the K. of P. hall, Wailuku, on Friday evening, August 29, under the auspices of Guistain Council, Y. M. I., and an excellent entertainment may be expected.

A Portuguese boy was dangerously wounded at Kihel last Sunday morning by the accidental discharge of a revolver which he was handling.

A match game of baseball between the Waikapu and Lahaina, is being arranged but the date is not yet fixed.

Prof. Leonard, the daring aeronaut, gave a very fine exhibition at Wailuku last Sunday afternoon.

Mr. C. C. Perkins, in charge of the interests of the Union Oil Co. on the Hawaiian Islands, came to Maui on Tuesday's Claudine.

## A WORLD WIDE REPUTATION.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy has a world wide reputation for its cures. It never fails and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

## There is Happiness in Vigorous Health



Don't you want to feel the glow of new-born life in your blood and nerves, to feel the bubbling spirit of youth again? Don't you want to have a strong heart, courage, nerves of steel, self-confidence, strength, ambition, energy, grit and endurance? Don't you want to be rid of the "come and go" pains, the Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Varicose, Weak Back and the many other troubles that make life miserable? Then try

## Dr. McLaughlin's Electric Belt

It gives lasting strength. Its cures are permanent, forever. Its touch is the touch of magnetism; it creates in a weakened Nature's Greatest Restorer, applied gently while you sleep. It will transform your weakened, pain-racked body into a paradise of health. Try it, you weak, debilitated man, you poor, weary and disheartened woman; feel the life blood warming your heart, the fire in your blood and the steel in your nerves. Let it cure you.

THE BEST ARGUMENT WHICH CAN BE OFFERED IN PRAISE OF A CURATIVE REMEDY IS THE WORD OF ONE WHO HAS TRIED IT AND SAYS, "IT CURED ME." HERE IS ONE OF 50,000 AND THE EVIDENCE OF THE OTHERS IS ON FILE AT MY OFFICE FOR ALL WHO ARE INTERESTED.

FREE TEST—I will be glad to give you a free test if you will call. Or I will send you my little book, with full information, sealed, free, if you will send this ad.

Dr. M. E. McLaughlin, 906 Market Street, San Francisco, California.

Never sold by Agents or Drug Stores.

HAMILTON, BROWN  
SHOE CO.'S  
**SECURITY SCHOOL SHOE**

**\$2.50**  
**Buys a Pair**

School opens soon and we want to sell every boy and girl in Honolulu and the other Islands a pair of strong, good fitting shoes. The kind that will stand the grind of school and are comfortable on the feet. Let the children try them.

**Manufacturers' Shoe Co., Limited**  
1057 FORT STREET.

## DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE

IS THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.  
Coughs, Colds, Asthma and Bronchitis.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—Vice Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR of CHLORODYNE; that the whole story of the defendant, Freeman, was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to. See the Times, July 18, 1884.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN of EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT HEADACHE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. IS THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR CHOLERA, DYSENTERY and DIARRHOEA.

HOSEA, the General Board of Health, London, reports that it ACTS as a CHARM: one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibbon, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhoea."

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is the true palliative in NEURALGIA, GOUT, CANCER, TOOTHACHE, RHEUMATISM.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE rapidly cuts short all attacks of EPILEPSY, SPASMS, COLIC, PALPITATION, HYSTERIA.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The immense sale of this Remedy has given rise to many Unscrupulous Imitations.

N. B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor, DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE. Sold in bottles, 1s 1/2, 2s 6d and 4s 6d, by all chemists.

Sole Manufacturer, J. T. Davenport, 33 Great Russell St., London, W. C.

## THE Steel Giant Grubber



Which has proved so successful in clearing land of lantana was introduced by the PACIFIC HARDWARE COMPANY, LIMITED, a little more than a year ago and has the endorsement of those who have used it.

The several invoices of Grubbers already received have been disposed of so promptly on arrival that they have not been advertised.

A few of the No. 2 size are now in stock and a supply of No. 1 are expected at an early date.

Any one interested in freeing his land of lantana should correspond with the

**Pacific Hardware Co., Ltd.**  
Fort Street, Honolulu.







## WANT LOT OF MONEY

### Kona Sugar Co. Sued For Nearly Hundred Thousand.

L. M. Whitehouse, who prepared the ballast and road for the Kona Plantation Company's railroad, has filed suit in the Third Circuit Court against the Kona Sugar Company, Limited, and M. F. Scott, receiver, to recover \$39,155.59 with legal interest for his work. In his petition the contractor recites that on March 23, 1902, by order of the Third Circuit Court, Mr. Scott was appointed receiver. On Oct. 23, 1901, the plaintiff and the Kona Sugar Company entered into an agreement to do certain cutting, grading, filling and other construction work to form and constitute a single track railroad in the district of Kona. The work was to be done and payments were to be made in accordance with a specific agreement. The plaintiff alleges he has performed his contract, making 16,827.8 cubic yards of solid rock excavation, 3,959.4 cubic yards loose rock excavation, 40,432 cubic yards of borrow, 4.7 miles of ballasting and 89 miles of ballasting 45 per cent done. The work was completed on May 31, 1902, and everything furnished to the Kona Sugar Company. Whitehouse claims that although often requested to pay for the work the receiver has failed to do so.

Whitehouse claims a lien on all the cutting, embankment, grading, filling and track, switches, buildings, cars, engines and the leasehold and other interests of the defendant in and to the land upon which the railroad is situated.

William W. Bierce, another plaintiff against the company to recover \$37,145.53, is a resident of the state of Louisiana. He recites in a complaint entered before Judge Edging that on February 21, 1900, the plaintiff and the defendant plantation entered upon a certain contract in writing, to furnish the plantation with steel rails, and all manner of track equipment, switches, sills, ties, stakes, blocks, rolling stock, locomotives, cars, scale, etc. The plaintiff claims none of the agreements have been complied with by the defendant in the way of payment.

**The Seattle Fruit Market.**  
Encouraging reports come from Seattle by almost every mail as to the condition of that market as far as the sale of consignments of Hawaiian fruit are concerned. That market has already given the Honolulu shipper, in many cases, a much higher price for his product than can be obtained for the same goods at San Francisco. A recent shipment of pineapples brought \$3.50 a dozen in Seattle. These were sent from Hawaii and more would be sent were it not for the fact that the crop for this year here has been pretty well cleaned up. The steamer Tani-pico which sails for Seattle in a few days' time will probably take a big consignment of bananas.

**Quiet Restored in Siam.**  
WASHINGTON, August 15.—Minister King, at Bangkok, Siam, cables the State Department that quiet has been restored in Siam and that the troops are in control. He says American interests are secure.

## RICH LAND

—IN—

### Central Kona FOR SALE

By order of REINNE RODANET, Trustee, I offer for sale those certain parcels of land situate at Onouli, South Kona, Island of Hawaii, described by Royal Patent (Grant) No. 1163 to F. O. Schulze, and containing 174 acres. Royal Patent (Grant) No. 2862 to Awabui and containing 739 75-100 acres, situated at Keopuka and Onouli, Island of Hawaii.

This is a tract of land of over 819 acres, situated in the most fertile and richest portion of the Island of Hawaii. It faces the new Government road, extends to the sea, and is five minutes walk from Kealahou Bay, by way of the old Government road which runs through the property. Portions of this land are already under cultivation.

This tract is so situated that it is about midway between Kaliua and Hookena, and five miles from Napo-poo, three most important ports of the Kona district. It has sufficient elevation, running up to fourteen hundred feet, to be particularly healthful, and its soil is well adapted to the growth of sugar cane, coffee, fruits, dairy-crops or for the promotion of diversified farming.

Occasional parcels of this land have easy access to several ports for export, and with the advent of the Kona Railroad will find themselves in close communication with the thriving City of Hilo. This, of course, affords a splendid opportunity for the exporting of farm products to the California markets.

With the revival of the Kona Sugar Co., considerable portions of this land can be successfully planted to sugarcane.

This is one of the most splendid opportunities for a good investment that has been put upon the market for a considerable period of time.

Further particulars of  
**JAMES F. MORGAN,**  
86 QUEEN STREET

## EXPULLED BY JAPANESE

YOKOHAMA, Aug. 15.—Mr. Wu Kinghang (35) and Mr. Sun (38), the leaders of the Chinese students here, have been expelled by the Japanese Government on account of their late agitation against the Chinese Minister. Mr. Wu holds a Chinese degree and is a respectable gentleman. He and Mr. Sun, having been ordered to leave the city by the 6 a. m. train departing from Shimbashi on Wednesday, were conveyed by the police from the Metropolitan Police Station at Kajibashi, to the railway terminus, when Mr. Wu asked the police for permission to walk in order that he might buy some bread. Walking along the side of the moat, he fell into the water, apparently in order to commit suicide. The water was not deep enough, however, to drown him, and the police soon dragged him out and brought him to the police office.

This accident delayed the departure of the Chinese students until noon yesterday. A large number of Chinese students came to Shimbashi station to see their leaders off. There was a pathetic scene at parting, and these two expelled students left for Kobe whence they will be sent to China by the Kobe Maru.

It is said that an eminent Japanese gentleman is urging the Department of Education to admit to our public schools Chinese students who have no recommendation from the Chinese Minister.

### A BOTTLE MESSAGE TO HIS LOVER.

On the 22nd of July Umetaro Ashinaka, a fisherman, living in Kuremura, Kochi District of Kochi Prefecture, found while fishing in the sea near his village, a bottle floating on the surface of the water. Curiosity led him to pick it up and he soon observed it contained a piece of paper. Umetaro uncorked the bottle and took out the paper on which the following passages were written in French:

"On July, 1900, at 4 deg. N. lat. and 169 deg. E. long. the ship met with a pirate and I am on the point of losing all my money as well as my life. At this moment I ask my loving girl, who alone in the world knows what I am thinking now, not to cease loving me."

The bottle in question was apparently first thrown into the sea near the Philippines and was carried to our coasts by the Black Current. It must have been drifting on the water for two years and one month.

### THE USE OF VOLCANIC ASHES.

Volcanic ashes have been successfully used in the construction of a breakwater in Oturu harbor by compounding one part of the ashes with two or three parts of cement. The utility of volcanic ashes in this connection has been first clearly stated in the specialists conference held in Germany in December last and now the discovery has been successfully applied by Prof. Hiroi, Director of the Oturu Harbor Construction office—the success being a cause of some panic among the manufacturers of cement in Japan. Prof. Hiroi is now carrying out further experiments with the volcanic ashes, which abound in Japan. It is said, however, that none other than the most experienced person in cement manufacturing can discriminate the kind of the volcanic ashes which is most suitable for the purpose from that which is less suitable.

**PHOSPHORUS MINE DISCOVERED.**  
An official of the Department of Agriculture and Commerce has discovered a phosphorus mine in the vicinity of Toba in Shima Province. The mineral is mixed with manganese and the layer is from five to seven meters thick. The mine resembles, it is said, the phosphorus mine in Tennessee of the United States of America. One thing regrettable in connection with the mine is that a certain capitalist had been working it with a view to getting manganese, until a few years ago. The miner did not know that there was a precious mineral intermixed with the manganese in the ore, so that he had cast away all the phosphorus into a valley in the neighborhood. The amount of phosphorus thus wasted is large and it is utterly beyond recovery at present. Everyone knows that phosphorus is about twice as valuable as manganese.

### CONSCIENCE SMOTE HIM.

On last Friday evening a man was found lying unconscious near the railway line at Hamamatsu-cho, Shiba. He was revived by a policeman and, on being questioned, he confessed that he had some days ago forged a private seal and, by means of it, got the sum of 500 yen from a certain merchant living in the Kansai district. He had, however, narrowly escaped a vigilant detective there and caught a train for Tokyo; but thinking that his arrest would be sure on his arrival at the Shimbashi station he jumped to the ground from the train. He was consequently taken to the police station at Shiba.

### STORED UP DYNAMITE.

A quantity of dynamite, enough to blow up a village, was lately discovered concealed under the roof of the Suwa Shrine of Sakata, Mura, Kanagawa-ken. The clandestine owner of the explosive was one Genzaburo Kano, living in the same village, who, having been a stone mason formerly, had stolen the explosive from his employer, and had concealed it there in order that he might have an opportunity of blowing up the house of a certain gambler, whom he hated. The dynamite is in custody at present.

### Union Iron Works Transferred.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 12.—In the office of the county clerk a deed has been placed on record transferring the property of the Union Iron Works to the United States Shipbuilding company. The consideration named in the document is \$10. The purchaser is the Eastern syndicate which has recently acquired a number of shipbuilding plants.

## THOMAS A. LLOYD DIES AFTER A LONG ILLNESS



THE LATE THOMAS A. LLOYD.

**D**EATH came to Thomas Alfred Lloyd at 5:30 o'clock yesterday morning at his home in Kallhi after an illness lasting over a period of six months. About half a year ago Mr. Lloyd suffered a stroke of paralysis from which he did not recover, and this was the cause of death. His illness compelled him to resign his office of Road Supervisor for the Territory which he had well filled. The funeral will take place this afternoon at 3 o'clock from the Catholic Cathedral, instead of from his home as stated yesterday, the interment to be in Nuanani Cemetery.

Mr. Lloyd was about fifty-eight years of age, having been born in London in 1844. When about eighteen years of age Mr. Lloyd sailed from England for Hawaii via Cape Horn, since which time he has been a resident of the islands. For a number of years he was engaged in sugar planting on Oahu.

His connection with the Hawaiian Government came with his appointment as Road Supervisor for the District of Kona of this island, outside of Honolulu. This appointment came to him about two decades ago, and the roadways about Honolulu were greatly improved under his administration. In later years he became connected with the Honolulu tax office, but up to the time he was stricken with the disease which called him away he was Road Supervisor for the city of Honolulu. The street system underwent a remarkable change while he held the reins of office and most of the present macadamized streets of the city were done under his supervision.

The deceased was a man well known to all the kamaainas of the island, and his athletic figure made him a prominent personage in any group. He leaves a wife and seven children, James, Thomas, Albert, Arthur, Mary, Lucy and Edna.

## POLITICS IN FIFTH AND MATTERS OF REGISTRATION

Suggestions as to what planks will fit well into the Republican platform and enable the Fifth district folk to stand easily and firmly upon it, will be made at a special meeting of the District Committee of the southern end of the island to be held this evening at headquarters. There will be nothing done however without a fight, for the people who have to do with what formed the majority of the committee when it organized, are of opinion that the whole affair is not in order.

Chairman Achi is one of those who does not believe in having anything to do with platform making in the meeting of the committee. He holds that the people when they selected their delegates to the Territorial convention gave into their hands the making of the platform of the party and any endeavor to forestall or force upon them something

they may not want would be beside the mark. With this feeling, while he called the meeting upon the request of seven members, he will endeavor to convince the majority that he holds the right view and that there should be no declarations.

The other side, if those who have heretofore opposed Achi in the district may be so denominated, have gone ahead and prepared for the meeting by outlining their platform. They hold that there should be some sentiment expressed by those who are closer to the people by reason of their numbers, and by those who will have the management of the campaign, as to the most acceptable principles upon which to make the fight for the nominees which are to be put up by the convention. With this view at a caucus held last evening some of the planks which will

## Oahu College

The Trustees of the Oahu College announce the rates for Tuition, Board, etc., at the Oahu College, for the ensuing year, as follows:

TUITION.	
Oahu College.....	per term, \$16.00
Preparatory School.....	" 12.00
Kindergarten.....	" 10.00
Music—Special Instrumental or Vocal, one lesson per week.....	" 15.00
Special Instrumental or Vocal, two lessons per week.....	" 22.00
Use of Pianos for practice, one hour per day.....	" 3.00
Use of Pianos for practice, two hours per day.....	" 6.00
School of Commerce.....	" 16.00
Use of Typewriters.....	" 3.00

BOARD AND WASHING.	
Young Men (unfurnished room).....	per week, 5.00
Young Women (furnished room).....	" 5.50
Day Students (lunch).....	" 1.00

MATERIALS.	
Chemistry.....	per term, \$3.50
Physics.....	" 1.00
Biology.....	" 2.00

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.	
Oahu College—(Estimated).....	per term, \$5.00
Preparatory School—(Estimated).....	" 3.50

### SCHOLARSHIPS.

All applications for Scholarships must be made as early as possible to the Finance Committee of the Corporation, care of the undersigned. Tuition is payable per term, in advance. Students will not be allowed to remain as such unless the tuition is paid. Board is payable monthly, strictly in advance. Rebate will be made in case of continued absence on account of serious illness. Payment for all charges may be made to L. C. HOWLAND, at Punahou, or to JONATHAN SHAW, 404 Judd Building.

P. C. JONES, Treasurer.

Honolulu, August 22, 1902.

## DR. COOPER IN EVIDENCE

SALT LAKE CITY, Aug. 14.—Several hundred badges were found in circulation yesterday and were traced to Dr. Cooper, the representative from Honolulu lodge. They are printed on tapa cloth and bear the magic word "Aloha," which is a magic word because it means anything you want it to mean. If a Hawaiian says "Aloha" and you want a drink it means "Have a drink"; if you want something to eat it means, "Come to dinner"; if you want to get acquainted it means "Hello"; if you want to go to church it means "You will find the church two blocks east and half a block north in a red brick building." The English tongue is pretty good in its way, but it could be improved by the addition of some all-pervading, comprehensive word that could be used at all times and all places and especially when a man's wife asks him to explain where he has been all night. The tapa cloth is made from a vegetable growth which is soaked and beaten out to the required thinness by the natives.

Along with this crowd came a delegation of half a dozen members of the Honolulu lodge, who will appear in costumes characteristic of the Hawaiians. The coast delegation is made up of representative men from California and surrounding states, and they have all come to have a good time. With them they brought a carload of California wine and another carload of fruits which they propose to treat the visitors with. The delegation will open headquarters near the center of the city, and will have their wares on tap there for all jolly Elks who care to call and help themselves.

Two delegates from far away Honolulu came with the Californians last night. The delegates are Past Exalted Ruler Dr. C. B. Cooper and C. H. Bishop. These men represent a lodge of about 150 members in Hawaii, and they state that there is a bright outlook for the lodge in that country. The organization is in a flourishing condition, and they are proud to be the representatives of the organization. They brought with them a bunch of the most unique badges that have been seen in the city. They are made of paper, manufactured from the bark of Hawaiian trees, and represent a native scene.

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\*\*\*\*\* were suggested were outlined. The platform framework which will be passed if the younger men have the majority will closely resemble that which was passed by the Ewa Club at its meeting last week. The platform suggestions will include a plank providing for a system of City and County government on ordinary American lines, to be framed by the Republican party; will declare for the employment of citizens only upon public works and that eight hours shall constitute a day's work; will ask for liberal school appropriations and declare that each child of a citizen shall have a seat in the school as well saying that the Oriental children should have separate schools.

Underlying all this is the feeling that there may be brought up as other business the discussion of the candidates who will have the support of the district in the joint convention which will name the men to run for the senate this fall. This is not down on the bills but it seems likely that there may be some suggestion that the district committee should go into the convention as a unit pledged for certain candidates. There would be opposition to this and there seems every chance that the wisdom of letting the situation clarify would become apparent to everyone.

### REGISTRATION NEXT WEEK.

September 2nd, the day after Labor Day, will be marked by the first session of the registration board for the island of Oahu. The board thus will commence its work on the very first available day, as the holiday on which is held the Republican convention could not be used for the commission's work. The board consists of Lorin Andrews, chairman, M. A. Gonsalves and W. J. Coelho. The sessions of the board will be held at Honolulu Hale, and will continue until the expiration of the time by law. This is set for October 10, and the work will occupy the full six hours a day until that date. The days for sitting outside the city will be announced later after the board has met and taken up the work proper, and thus had a chance to fix the other details.

Contrary to the understanding of some of those who were registered two years ago, there must be a full and complete registration at this time. There can be no voter permitted to cast his ballot this fall whose name has not been placed on the register during the term of the board's sittings next month. The tests upon which the right to suffrage are to be based must be passed just as they were two years ago, and they will be made just as rigid now as then. There will be the same conditions, and it is understood that the watching of the various parties will be as close and the challenges as many, or even more. This will mean a register of capable electors and there will be no chance to stuff the rolls with persons who are not able to meet the educational qualification.

### TERRITORIAL CONVENTION.

According to advices received in the last mail by the officials of the Republican Central Committee there will be a full convention September 1. Arrangements have been made by the Inter-Island company for one of their steamers to leave the Kona coast to arrive here on Saturday or Sunday and prevent the necessity for the delegates from that side of Hawaii staying over here for more than the usual few days. The convention will be held at Progress hall, and arrangements are making for its accommodation with all the necessities, there being certain rooms which will be fixed up for the use of the various committees.

It is expected that Senator Burton of Kansas, and perhaps former Senator Thurston of Nebraska, will consent to address the convention during the deliberations of the committee, which will sit for the purpose of examining credentials and to prepare the work for the convention in the way of platform. In either case there will be fine oratory, and the treat will be appreciated by the out-of-town delegates.

## MAY LEAD TO PATROL

### Merchants Talk of Protective Plans.

One of the outcomes of the Campbell block fire may be the inauguration of a system of Insurance Patrols. The system which is used in other cities has never been attempted here and the great loss inflicted in the fire of Saturday last by water, has turned the attention of some of the merchants to the necessity for the establishment of a wagon with a suitable crew, which would serve as a protective force.

The plan has already been discussed by many of the members of firms which were in the neighborhood of the Saturday fire, and to whom the knowledge that there was a patrol ready to furnish tarpaulins to protect the goods from loss would have been a distinct relief. M. Phillips said that in his opinion it would be an easy matter to raise by subscription among the firms of the downtown district the amount necessary for the purchase of the wagon, and tarpaulins or rubber blankets. What this first cost would be is a question, but it would be not less than \$1,500. The care of the system would then fall upon the Fire Underwriters' Association, and judging from the loss of Saturday which was due entirely to water the investment of a few hundreds a month, would be one of the most profitable.

The value of such a service on Saturday can not now be estimated. It is said roughly that the water loss will reach \$20,000. It is safe to say that with a fearless crew this could have been reduced by three-quarters if not almost entirely avoided. The entire stock of Lawrence & Company might have been saved and in none of the offices would there have been any necessity for removal of furniture.

One of those who did not permit his furnishings to be disturbed during the rush for new quarters Saturday was J. O. Carter. When the rush began Mr. Carter simply put away his books and papers and locked his desk, then tried to find some rubber blankets for the purpose of protecting his office. This he could not do owing to the fact that such things are not obtainable in sizes to suit, here, and finally Mr. Carter had to use oil cloth for the covering. This done he shut up his office and gave it no thought, being convinced that the fire could not break through into the Merchant street front.

The necessity for such a patrol service has been generally discussed and its advantages recognized to such an extent that there may be some definite action taken at the next meeting of the Underwriters' Association on Thursday.

The straightening up of the offices and stores flooded Saturday goes on right merrily. The store of Lawrence & Company will have to be repainted and the room of the bank will be pretty thoroughly aired before it is refitted. David Lawrence expects to be back in his old stand by next week. Redhouse was moving into his place in front of the Ables offices yesterday and Martin was at home as usual. Upstairs there was great activity in getting the offices into shape. Monsarrat was quickly in his old position but the back offices will be of no use until there has been an entire refitting of the building as the floor joists are burned away.

The Hawaiian Hardware Company is not making any effort to get into its warehouse, believing that after the immense amount of water poured upon the stock there will be nothing left of value. Instead Manager Fernandez busied himself yesterday in making up his orders for new stocks. According to his estimate there was in the warehouse between \$70,000 and \$75,000 worth of goods, on which there is an aggregate of \$53,500 insurance divided as follows: Trans-Atlantic, \$13,500; Greenwich Insurance Co., \$5,500; Niagara, \$4,250; Traders', \$1,750; Royal, \$3,000; Scottish Union, \$5,000; Insurance Company of North America, \$2,500; Agricultural, \$2,500; National, \$3,500; London & Lancashire, \$5,000; Hartford, \$3,000; and Caledonian, \$3,000.

The insurance on the building amounts to \$25,000, as follows: Trans-Atlantic, \$5,000; Liverpool, London & Globe, \$5,000; New Zealand, \$5,000; St. Paul, \$4,500; Niagara, \$3,000; and Providence, \$2,500. It is estimated that the loss on the building will not be more than seventy per cent of the total amount of insurance.

Lawrence's stock of cigars, tobacco, etc., is insured for \$5,000 and the fixtures for \$2,500. This brings the total insurance to \$87,000. Besides this, there are smaller amounts which will probably bring the grand total up to \$100,000. J. W. A. Redhouse, the watchmaker, has \$1,000 in the Phoenix and \$500 in the Traders' Insurance Co. Q. H. Berrey has \$4,000, and others have similar sums.

One of the most remarkable things in connection with the fire developed yesterday. Investigation of the ruins showed that there was an immense amount of turpentine in the main room of the warehouse, which was not touched. Finding this condition the searchers went on and they found that the gasoline cases, which stood just where the fire was started by the man who went to count the cases, to see if he could fill an order for seven, are intact, their contents not broken and the wood of the boxes only slightly charred. There are only six cases of gasoline, the last ten cases in the warehouse having been drawn by the house on August 11th.

The powder which was rushed out is not kept in the warehouse but in the main store room, where it is the duty of the clerks to take it out on an alarm of fire.



## INSURANCE

**Theo. H. Davies & Co.**  
(Limited.)  
AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND  
MARINE INSURANCE.

**Northern Assurance Company**  
OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND  
LIFE. Established 1836.  
Accumulated Funds .... \$2,975,000.

**British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co.**  
OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE  
Capital ..... £1,000,000

Reduction of Rates.  
Immediate Payment of Claims.

**THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD**  
AGENTS.

## IMPERIAL LIME

99 15-100 Per Cent Pure.

The very best Lime and in the  
best containers.

In Lots to Suit.

Low Prices.

**CALIFORNIA FEED CO.**  
AGENTS.

**Olaa Sugar Co., Ltd.**

## ASSESSMENTS.

THE TWENTY-FIRST ASSES-  
ment of 10% or two dollars (\$2.00) per  
share has been called to be due and  
payable June 20, 1902.

The twenty-second assessment of  
10% or two dollars (\$2.00) per share has  
been called to be due and payable August  
21, 1902.

The twenty-third assessment of 10%  
or two dollars (\$2.00) per share has  
been called to be due and payable Octo-  
ber 21, 1902.

The twenty-fourth and final assess-  
ment of 10% or two dollars (\$2.00) per  
share has been called to be due and  
payable December 20, 1902.

Interest will be charged on assess-  
ments unpaid ten days after the same  
are due at the rate of one per cent (1%)  
per month from the date upon which  
such assessments are due.

The above assessments will be pay-  
able at the office of The B. F. Dilling-  
ham Co., Ltd., Stangenwald building  
(Signed) **CLARKE E. TAYLOR**  
Treasurer Olaa Sugar Co.  
May 12, 1902. 2383

# Clarke's Blood Mixture

THE WORLD-FAMED BLOOD PUR-  
IFIER AND RESTORER.  
IS WARRANTED TO CLEAR THE  
BLOOD FROM ALL IMPURITIES  
FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and  
Blood Diseases, Blackheads, Pimples,  
Sores of all kinds. It is a never failing  
permanent cure. I.

Cures Old Sores.  
Cures Sores on the Neck.  
Cures Sore Legs.  
Cures Blackhead or Pimples on  
Face.

Cures Scurvy.  
Cures Ulcers.  
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.  
Cures Glandular Swellings.  
Clears the Blood from all impure matter  
From whatever cause arising.

It is a real specific for Gout and Rheu-  
matic pains.  
It removes the cause from the Blood  
and Bones.

As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste  
and warranted free from anything injuri-  
ous to the most delicate constitution of  
either sex, the proprietors earnestly en-  
gauge to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS OF WON-  
DERFUL CURES

FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in bottles  
of 5d each, and in cases containing 2  
bottles for 1s. The quantity is sufficient to effec-  
tuate a permanent cure in the great majority  
of long-standing cases. By ALL CHEM-  
ISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VEND-  
ORS throughout the world. Proprietors  
THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND CON-  
TINENTAL DRUG COMPANY, LINCOLN, ENGLAND.  
Trade mark—BLOOD MIXTURE.

## CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's  
Blood Mixture should see that they  
get the genuine article. Warranted  
imitations and substitutes are sometimes  
passed off by unprincipled vendors. The  
words "Lincoln and Midland Con-  
tinental Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are  
engraved on the Government stamp at  
Clarke's. Warranted Blood Mixture  
shown in the bottle WITHOUT WHICH  
NONE ARE GENUINE.

**CASTLE & COOKE CO., LTD**  
HONOLULU.

**Commission Merchants**

## SUGAR FACTORS.

## AGENTS FOR

The Hawaiian Plantation Company.  
The Hawaiian Agricultural Co., Ltd.  
The Kohala Sugar Company.  
The Waimea Sugar Mill Company.  
The Paltan Iron Works, St. Louis, Mo.  
The Standard Oil Company.  
The George F. Blake Steam Press.  
The New England Mutual Life Insur-  
ance Company, of Boston.  
The Aetna Fire Insurance Company, of  
Hartford, Conn.  
The Alliance Assurance Company, of  
London.

# TRAGEDY ON THE HIGH SEA

## A Crazy Fireman Met Death in the Deep.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

The steamer Tampico which arrived  
from Seattle last evening, after a voy-  
age of eleven days, brings a drama-  
tic story of a man jumping overboard  
and the heroic and remarkably quick  
work of the officers and men of that  
vessel in rescuing his body. Within  
ten minutes after he had jumped over-  
board the steamer had been put about,  
a boat manned and lowered, the man  
picked up, and his unconscious body  
placed on the deck of the vessel. It is  
probably the quickest work of the kind  
ever done. The man died without be-  
ing restored to consciousness.

The tragedy happened when the ves-  
sel was only four days out from Seat-  
tle. August Walters, a fireman, forty-  
five years of age, had been complaining  
of illness and was probably out of his  
mind. The chief engineer had relieved  
him of his duties and he was spending  
his time about the officers quarters try-  
ing to recover his senses. The officers  
had been using him well and thought  
to cheer him up by kind words. At  
about four o'clock Walters jumped  
over the side. A sailor shouted "man  
overboard." Captain Ames, the new  
master of the Tampico was on the  
bridge, and hearing the cry acted very  
promptly. He brought the vessel  
around, sent the mate up into the rig-  
ging to watch the spot where the man  
jumped into the sea, had a boat man-  
ned and lowered in charge of second  
mate Healy, and by keen judgment  
brought the vessel back to the exact  
place where the man had jumped over.  
The boat's crew secured the body  
promptly.

The body still had life in it when  
brought on deck and the captain used  
every means in his power to restore  
consciousness but in an hour's time life  
was pronounced extinct. Arrangements  
were made at once for the burial. At  
seven o'clock the steamer was stopped  
and amid the tolling of the vessel's bell  
the captain read the burial service and  
the body was sent to its final resting  
place by being put into the sea for a  
second time.

The entries in the vessel's log give  
a brief account of the tragedy. They  
say: "At 3:51 p. m. in lat. 34-14 north  
and longitude 136-42 west August Wal-  
ters, fireman, who had been complain-  
ing of feeling ill and was off duty,  
jumped overboard. The life boat was  
brought on board and all efforts were  
made to revive him but without suc-  
cess. At 5:15 it was decided that life  
was extinct and preparations were  
made for burial. At 7 o'clock the ves-  
sel was stopped and the man was  
buried."

Captain Ames was formerly master  
of the transport Hancock, and is well  
known in Honolulu.

## COLOMBIAN REBELS TAKE A GUNBOAT

SAN JOSE (Costa Rica), August 15.—  
News has reached here from the camp  
of the Colombian revolutionists in the  
Aguila Dulce district that, after a naval  
engagement, the Colombian government  
gunboat Boyaca was captured by the  
revolutionists. Three hundred govern-  
ment soldiers and Generals Ortiz and  
Henao, and supplies of munitions of  
war and provisions, were captured with  
the Boyaca.

The Colombian revolutionists also are  
said to have secured a gasoline launch  
which was in the government service.

According to advices received here  
from the isthmus the Boyaca left Pan-  
ama July 29th with 300 troops of the  
Colombian government on board, desig-  
ned to reinforce the command of the  
government General Morales Berti at  
Aguila Dulce. The Boyaca was said to  
have been attacked by the revolution-  
ary fleet and obliged to retreat, since  
when nothing has been heard of the  
vessel on the isthmus.

KINGSTON (Jamaica), August 15.—  
The British steamer Floridan, from  
Liverpool, July 24th, for West Indian  
and Central American ports, arrived  
here today from Colon and reported  
insubordinate activity in the neighbor-  
hood of the isthmus. An at-  
tack on Panama was feared and the Col-  
ombian government was making strenu-  
ous efforts to reinforce the insur-  
gents there and at Colon. Regarding  
the recent battle at Aguila Dulce, the  
Floridan's officers report that the gov-  
ernment of Colombia claimed the insur-  
gents were routed, but that it was be-  
lieved at Colon that the engagement  
was undecided.

## Situation in India Serious.

LONDON, August 15.—Official and  
other reports from India declare the  
famine situation there is becoming  
more serious owing to the lack of rain  
throughout almost the entire country,  
and especially in the Bombay pres-  
idency. There has been a great increase  
in the number of natives to receive re-  
lief.

## WENT TO VISIT HIS SISTER.

A. J. Cottingham went to Washing-  
ton, Ark., U. S. A., to see his sister  
and while there was taken with  
dysentery and was very bad off.  
He decided to try Chamberlain's Colic,  
Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and  
was so much pleased with the prompt  
cure which it effected, that he wrote  
the manufacturers a letter in praise  
of their medicine. Mr. Cottingham re-  
sides at Lockland, Ark., U. S. A. For  
sale by all druggists and dealers. Ben-  
son, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaii.

# ARE JAPS HOLDING THE WRONG MARCUS ISLAND?

The Latitude and Longitude Set Down by the  
Captain of the Kasagi Not Those of  
Rosehill's Guano Depot.

Perhaps the Japanese have got hold  
of one island and Captain Rosehill is  
after another. According to the fol-  
lowing Tokyo dispatch the place claim-  
ed by the little brown men is in 24 deg.  
14 min. 30 sec. north latitude and 145  
deg. 14 min. 30 sec. east longitude.  
Prof. Lyons, the government meteorol-  
ogist, says that the Marcus Island  
Captain Rosehill sailed for is in longi-  
tude 153 or 154 deg. and in latitude 24  
deg. 18 min.—about 500 miles from the  
point where the fifteen Japanese mar-  
ines are waiting. It has been on re-  
cord a great while, even Bowditch's Na-  
vigator of 60 years ago having it. This  
may account for the fact that, when  
the cruiser Kasagi left the Mikado's  
"Marcus," on July 31, the schooner  
"Whalen" had not arrived. She left here  
July 11.

YOKOHAMA, July 31.—The Herald  
says: The Japanese cruiser Kasagi,  
which left Yokosuka for Marcus Island  
on the 23rd ult., with Mr. Ishii, Secre-  
tary of the Department for Foreign Af-  
fairs, on board, arrived at her destina-  
tion after a four days voyage, and  
again left Marcus Island in the 23rd ult.  
after two days' stay there, safely ar-  
riving at Yokosuka on the 3rd inst.  
Captain Sakamoto, of the Kasagi came  
up to Tokyo Monday and reported to  
the Department of the Navy at 8:30 a.  
m. to tender a detailed report. Mr.  
Ishii intended, when he left Yokosuka,  
to stay on the island for the purpose  
of explaining to the American expedi-  
tionary party the fact that the island  
is under the sovereignty of Japan. But  
it was found, on the Kasagi's arrival  
that there was no good shelter for the  
warship, and moreover, as the sound-  
ings were very deep, she could not lie  
at anchor safely, so she kept up steam  
and cruised around the island. As it  
was uncertain as to when the Ameri-  
can expeditionary party would arrive,  
it was decided to leave there a party  
of fifteen men under command of a  
Lieut. to whom Mr. Ishii handed over a  
letter describing in detail the object of  
the mission, to be given to the expedi-  
tionary force on its arrival. A tempo-  
rary shed was erected and a Japa-  
nese flag hoisted over the building.  
After completing these arrangements,  
the man-of-war left the island for the  
original port of departure. After mi-

nute investigation by the commander  
of the warship, it was ascertained that  
the island was situated in 24 deg. 14  
min. 30 sec. north latitude, and 145 deg.  
14 min. 30 sec. east longitude. The is-  
land is covered with fine forests and  
there are many small coral islands in  
the vicinity which afford a beautiful  
view. Southern Birds Island, (Manimi-  
Tori Shima) as it is called in Japanese,  
is practically a natural aviary. It is  
covered with birds, and it is no ex-  
aggeration to say that in some parts  
the pedestrian is compelled to make use  
of his stick in order to clear them out  
of his path. The species of birds living  
on the island alternately change with  
the seasons. At present a peculiar  
species unknown on the mainland of  
Japan is plentiful, and another is ex-  
pected to come over in September.  
More than thirty Japanese are living  
on the island. They are brave active,  
and adventurous. They build their  
houses with coconut leaves and live  
on fish, birds, etc. Mr. Ishii brought  
with him three kinds of birds, the  
smallest being white in color and about  
the size of a sparrow. Another was  
black and a little larger, and the last  
was a little bigger than a dove and  
white in color, with a streak of red  
plumage in the tail. They are describ-  
ed as very beautiful and their beaks  
are sharp pointed. It is believed that  
they live on fish and usually keep to  
the sea, only flocking to the island to  
rear their young.

The Gazette's Tokyo correspondent  
learns on the best authority that Mr.  
Ishii, Foreign Office Secretary, who left  
Yokosuka a few days ago on board the  
Kasagi for Marcus Island to attest  
Japanese ownership of the island, had  
with him a document rendered by  
Colonel Buck, United States Minister  
at Tokyo. The gist of the document  
is to warn Captain Rosehill that it  
would be inadvisable to do anything  
definite if he saw a Japanese man-of-  
war, carrying a properly authorized  
Japanese representative, and this may  
be shown to the Captain by Mr. Ishii,  
upon the former's arrival at the island.  
In view of the probable authorization  
of Captain Rosehill's expedition at  
Washington, he would not be justified  
in abandoning his purpose except upon  
such evidence as that furnished him  
through Mr. Ishii by Colonel Buck.

# GERMANY MAY OCCUPY A VENEZUELAN PORT

President Castro Makes a Strong Rejoinder and  
Appeals to the Monroe Doctrine as  
Interpreted by the United States.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—A memorandum  
has been delivered to the German Min-  
ister in Caracas, Venezuela, and confi-  
dentially to the representatives of all the  
friendly powers, cables the Herald cor-  
respondent at Willemstad, Curacao. This  
memorandum was an answer to the note  
transmitted last December by Ambassador  
Von Holleben to United States Govern-  
ment.

The German note was not officially  
known to the President until the present  
time. The Kaiser's Government in that  
note informed the United States of its  
intention to occupy a Venezuelan port in  
order to enforce payment of the German  
claims.

President Castro's official answer to that  
note is regarded by members of his Gov-  
ernment as a strong document. He con-  
tends that Germany has not respected  
Venezuela's right to legislate both for  
Venezuelan citizens and for foreigners re-  
siding in Venezuela.

Castro insists that the claims of the  
Germans and other foreigners for their  
damages during the civil wars should be  
presented to and decided by a Venezu-  
elan court.

Germany maintains that satisfaction  
cannot be obtained in that way, owing to

the well known and peculiar characteris-  
tics of Venezuelan courts, which are  
President Castro's instruments.

The Kaiser's Government contends that  
the claims should be settled by confer-  
ences between a German diplomatic agent  
and the Venezuelan Minister of Foreign  
Affairs, and in case of a disagreement  
the matter should be referred to The Hague  
international court of arbitration.

President Castro's memorandum de-  
clares that the German claims have been  
exaggerated and contains a list of refer-  
ences to authorities on international law  
to support the Government's argument.

It is declared that Germany has not  
made a legal argument, but simply a  
series of demands, to the validity of  
which Venezuela objects.

In conclusion the Venezuelan memoran-  
dum says that the Government presents  
to the German Empire and to the friend-  
ly powers its protest against the ideas,  
imputations and purposes of the German  
note of December 11th and declares that  
this protest is necessary.

It asserts that Venezuela, as an inde-  
pendent nation, objects to the motives of  
Ambassador Holleben's communication to  
the United States Government and con-  
sidered that the note, in its political and  
general character, affects the integrity  
of the rights of the American hemisphere  
and integrity which all American repub-  
lics must uphold and for the strengthening  
of which two international congresses  
have met through the influence of the  
United States.

## Gunsaulus for London

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The report that  
Dr. Gunsaulus of Chicago will succeed  
Dr. Parker at the City Temple is pre-  
mature, says the London correspondent of  
the Tribune, but consultations have been  
held during the week and he can evidently  
stay in London if he wishes to give up his  
work in America. Dr. Gunsaulus' oratory  
and extraordinary energy and interest in  
the industrial education have made a deep  
impression here. His American friends  
think, however, that he will make a  
serious mistake if he allows himself to be  
transferred to an environment so unlike  
the one to which he was accustomed in  
the West.

## A Find of Millions.

LONDON, August 15.—The annual re-  
port of the Postmaster General shows  
that the large total of \$3,335,000 was  
found in letters undelivered during the  
past year. The undelivered letters to-  
taled no less than 10,000,000, while the  
delivered missives amounted to 2,451,  
500,000, an average of 58.9 for each per-  
son in the United Kingdom.

## An Army Out of Work.

CHICAGO, August 16.—The Inter-  
Ocean this morning says: Following  
the International Harvester Company's  
public declaration that economy in the  
manufacture and distribution of agri-  
cultural machinery was the motive for  
effecting the \$120,000,000 merger, several  
of the Chicago companies that make up  
the combine yesterday issued letters to  
their general agents throughout the  
three-fourth of the total number of em-  
ployees representing these companies in  
country ordering a reduction of about  
the field.

The old companies in the combine  
are preparing to follow their example.  
Equally radical reductions in the office  
forces are being planned by all, it is  
said, for the near future. Ten thou-  
sand men in all are expected to lose  
their positions.

## Oregon Ordered to Asia.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Orders have  
been issued at the Navy Department for  
the fitting out of the battleship Oregon at  
San Francisco for duty on the Asiatic  
station, to which she will be assigned.

# SWEPT BY TIDAL WAVE

The Pacific Coast  
Town of Mexico  
Hit.

CULIACAN (Mexico), August 15.—  
The lower portion of the city of Altata,  
on the Pacific coast, just west of Culi-  
acan, has been completely destroyed by  
a tidal wave, and not fewer than thirty  
people are known to have been drown-  
ed. The loss of life may be several  
times that number. The property loss  
is heavy.

It is reported that several smaller  
coast towns situated above Altata were  
completely washed away by the same  
tidal wave and that the loss of life in  
these smaller places is very heavy.

Relief for the sufferers at Altata will  
be sent from Culiacan, and it is ex-  
pected that the state and Federal gov-  
ernments will take prompt action for  
the relief of the destitute.

CITY OF MEXICO, August 15.—A  
telegram received here tonight stated  
that a rumor was current in the United  
States that fifty persons were  
drowned in a tidal wave at Altata,  
Mexico. Nothing is known here of  
such a happening. Altata is a seaport  
town near Culiacan, on the Pacific  
Coast.

## SCHWAB MAY LOSE HIS JOB

NEW YORK, August 14.—The Press  
says: With the "home-coming" of J.  
Pierpont Morgan next week, the retire-  
ment of Charles M. Schwab, president  
of the United States Steel Corporation,  
and the election of James Gayley, the  
present first vice-president, as his suc-  
cessor, will be taken into immediate  
consideration. The bewildering array  
of projects which demand the attention  
of Morgan and his associates may de-  
lay action a few weeks, but just as soon  
as they can get around to it the change  
will be made.

Schwab's ill health is one reason that  
has brought the management of the  
billion-dollar trust to the view that the  
change should be made. But, there is  
another more potent and that is the  
lack of harmony between Schwab and  
his fellow members of the executive  
committee of the steel trust.

Schwab was a very efficient mechanic  
when Carnegie took a fancy to him. His  
knowledge of steel manufacture in all  
its grades was what had endeared him  
to Carnegie, and with Scotch pertinacity  
Carnegie refused to see the lack of  
upper qualifications and issued his ulti-  
matum that if the United States Cor-  
poration didn't want to take Schwab  
they couldn't take the Carnegie plant.

From the beginning it was patent  
that Schwab was not in sympathy with  
his associates. He was not an old man,  
but he was too old to take up a line of  
thought entirely new and adapt himself  
to conditions with which he was wholly  
unfamiliar.

When it came to discussing mechan-  
ical details he was at home. When it  
came to originating or drawing com-  
mercial operations he was at sea, and so  
it came about that the executive and  
administrative work of the aggregated  
industries fell on other shoulders.

So far as known there was no specific  
agreement entered into with Carnegie  
as to how long Schwab was to remain  
as president. If there was the time limit  
it has expired.

Schwab is credited with receiving a  
salary of a million dollars a year.

## THE DOOM OF A TOWN.

Half the Population of New Hartford,  
Conn., on the Move.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The depopula-  
tion of New Hartford as the result of  
an order issued by the Cotton Duck com-  
bination to shut down its Greenwood  
mills there on September 1 for an in-  
definite period, has begun in earnest.  
Less than 100 people having left the town  
inside of two weeks, says a Winsted,  
Conn., special to the World. By the mid-  
dle of next month it is estimated that  
fully one-half of the population of the  
place, which is 3,500, will have left.

Blatant reading "Closing out business"  
and "to rent" are already in store win-  
dows, and "for sale" signs are tacked on  
property everywhere. In the district  
known as "Doubin," where several hun-  
dred of the mill operatives lived, there  
remains but a single family. Business  
men already feel the effect and are plan-  
ning to locate elsewhere. Truckmen,  
however, are doing a big business haul-  
ing household goods to the railroad stations  
day and night.

The Greenwood plant is to be removed  
to Tallahassee, Ala., where, according to  
a statement of the Mount Vernon  
Cotton Duck combine, manu-  
facturing can be done more cheaply. The  
business was established in New Hart-  
ford in 1823.

## He Caught Consumption.

NEW YORK, August 15.—A special  
to the Sun from New Haven, Conn.,  
says: Yale men here have received  
news that Dr. F. H. Scofield of Bridge-  
port, son of City Engineer H. O. Sco-  
field, is dying of consumption in Den-  
ver. He was a student at Yale until  
three years ago. He made a special  
study of tuberculosis, and out of a class  
of 44 he is the eleventh to contract con-  
sumption while endeavoring to find a  
cure for it.

## Found Rings in Dog.

GREENWICH (Conn.), Aug. 14.—Mrs.  
McMaster Mills' diamonds, which her  
pet bull dog, Sport, swallowed on Tues-  
day afternoon, were recovered today and  
the dog has gained his freedom. Mrs.  
Mills told her fellow boarders at the  
hotel this morning that she had the three  
rings again and that the dog had truly  
swallowed them, as she surmised. The  
dog had been under a veterinary's care  
and last night X-rays were used on him  
to see if the rings were really there.  
Their location was discovered and then  
the dog was made to disgorge.



## Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

It will prove a good friend when you  
have a fresh cold, bringing immediate  
relief. You will find it equally true  
in old colds, bronchitis, whooping-  
cough, asthma.

And you will declare it "the best  
friend in the world" if you will use  
it for an irritable throat or weak lungs.  
It acts as a strong tonic, clearing up  
the throat, giving tone to the relaxed  
tissues, and greatly strengthening the  
lungs.

There are many substitutes and imi-  
tations. Beware of them! Be sure you  
get Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

Two sizes. Large and small bottles.  
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

**CHAS. BREWER & CO'S.**  
**NEW YORK LINE**

Bark Foohing Suey  
SAILING FROM  
NEW YORK TO HONOLULU  
July 1, 1902.

For freight rates apply to  
**CHAS. BREWER & CO.,**  
27 Kilby St., Boston.

**C. BREWER & CO., LTD.**  
Honolulu.

# A Few Specials IN GLASS WARE

7 piece Berry Sets com-  
prising 1 large bowl  
and 6 ind. saucers.... 60c

4 piece Table Sets consist-  
ing of covered sugar,  
covered butter, cream  
jug and spoon holder. 50c

2 Quart Jugs..... 35c

Pickle, Jelly or Preserve  
Dishes, each..... 10c

And many other articles.

See the display in one of  
our show windows.

**W. W. Dimond & Co.**  
LIMITED.

Dealers in Crockery, Glass  
and Housefurnishings.

Sole Agents for the Cele-  
brated Detroit Jewel Store  
and Gurney Refrigerators.

## Philippine Sugar.

MANILA, July 20.—The merchants of  
Hollo are using every endeavor to send  
a delegation to the States with a view  
to influencing the government to allow  
sugar to enter the United States free  
of duty. The idea seems to have met  
with general approval and funds are  
flowing in. It is intended that an  
American lawyer, experienced in agri-  
cultural affairs in these islands, shall  
accompany the deputation in order to  
facilitate the negotiations of the depu-  
tation. The latter will defray all the  
expenses of the attorney selected.

The Edward May expects to complete  
loading sugar at Makaweli on Tuesday  
and will probably sail for the coast on  
Wednesday.



# PLANTATION TO PAY LESS Tax Appeal Court in Hilo Makes Report.

HILO, Aug. 22.—The Tax Appeal Court has sustained appeals in the cases of three of Hawaii's plantations, the amounts fixed by the Assessor being cut down in every instance. As a result the Territory will be out about \$10,000 in taxes which would otherwise have gone into the public coffers.

In the case of Walakea Mill the assessor's figures were cut three-quarters of a million. The Walakea Mill Company is capitalized at \$600,000. The assessed valuation had been raised from time to time until in 1900 the company paid taxes upon a valuation of \$1,250,000. In that year the company appealed from the Assessor's judgment but the appeal was not sustained. At that time sugar was at the high water mark and the company was distributing in dividends something like \$300,000 a year. While this year, sugar is not worth more than two-thirds as much as it was in 1900, and labor is higher and harder to get, the assessment of Walakea was raised to \$2,000,000. The appeal was against this \$750,000 raise. While the management of the plantation does not consider that a fair dividend will be paid on \$750,000 yet no opposition was entered to paying taxes at that amount. The Pepee Sugar Company, with a capitalization of \$750,000, was assessed this year at \$1,000,000. The company's appeal was for a reduction of \$250,000. The same arguments and reasoning applied as in the Walakea case and the Appeal Board allowed a reduction of \$150,000.

The Hamakua Mill Company claimed a reduction of \$130,000 from their assessment of \$630,000, basing their claim on the savings of the late drought as well as upon the low price of sugar. The judgment of the court was for the plaintiff.

One of the interesting cases decided by the Appeal Board was that of O. T. Shipman of Oahu, who appealed in order to determine the Government's policy of taxation of lands, hitherto classed as coffee lands but now have come to be included in the sugar belt. Coffee land in Oahu which was formerly assessed at \$4 per acre was assessed this year at \$60, because it has been demonstrated that cane may be grown upon it. In Mr. Shipman's case, appeal was taken from an assessment of twenty-five acres of cane land at \$60 per acre, twenty-five acres of coffee land at \$4 per acre, and forty acres of raw forest land at \$40 per acre. This classification was objected to on the ground that the land was all coffee land and that cane growing was as much of an experiment as that of coffee. The Appeal Board refused to take this view. It was pointed out by Carl S. Smith, attorney for the Territory, that Mr. Shipman had himself placed a value of \$80 per acre on the land in question, having paid that price for it. It was also figured that the assessment averaged only \$36 per acre for the whole tract and that therefore it was not excessive. The judgment of the court was in favor of the Territory.

## LITTLE STANDS NO SHOW.

Judge Little evidently received but little encouragement from Honolulu politicians in his efforts to secure the Republican nomination for delegate. Emil Ney, his political sponsor, failed to return to Hilo with the judge.

Immediately upon Little's return from the capital he had published in his personal organ the following card:

Editor Tribune: I wish to say to my friends throughout the Territory who have been kind enough to consider my name in connection with the nomination for Congress. That I have not, am not, and will not be a candidate for the Republican nomination as Delegate to Congress, and my name will not go before the Republican Territorial Convention for the nomination. While I am a stalwart Republican yet, since assuming the bench, I have not taken any part in politics whatever, and whenever I conclude to do so my friends will not be left in doubt as to the course I shall pursue or the platform upon which I shall stand.

Very respectfully,  
G. F. LITTLE

## CUPID'S SOUND ADVICE

Prince Cupid will return to Honolulu on the W. G. Hall after having concluded his tour of the island. Every where he was received with much enthusiasm and had he consented to accept a nomination for delegate there is little doubt but what he would have been given it by acclamation.

Cupid spoke on Saturday to a large audience at the fish market. David Ke-hipio, David Ewaliko and Representative Makakoa preceding him with a suggestion that the natives should accept the leadership of the Alii.

Prince Cupid told the audience that he had no political aspirations, that he wanted the Hawaiians to decide upon some one of ability and in whom they have confidence. "I know," said the speaker, "that there are haole-haters among you, but you must blot out any such idea and remember there are but two recognized political parties in the United States—Republicans and Democrats, and you must affiliate with one party or the other, study their principles as set forth in their published platforms and decide which you will follow." He said there was neither Home Rule nor Aloha Alha party on the mainland, and he said a delegate from either organization would avail nothing for the reason that he would not have recognition by either of the great mainland political parties, and he questioned his influence with the administration.

During his address in English, Prince Cupid laid bare some facts in the history of Delegate Wilcox as delegate that were unknown to the Hawaiians before the meeting, and his remarks

were frequently interrupted by an "auwe" from different parts of the market. Concluding his remarks in English, and before beginning his address in Hawaiian, he said: "Now, gentlemen, I call upon you to say what Wilcox has done for this Territory in Congress?" There were no answers and this was taken as evidence that Mr. Wilcox had done nothing.

"Remember, my friends, that I am one of you. I was elected a Prince and as such I am of the people. I come among you, not as a candidate, but as a private citizen—a brother in an effort to give you what I believe to be the best advice."

The crowd was kept in good humor during the meeting and the speakers were generously applauded. After the meeting the Prince received the congratulations of the people. On Sunday the party left for a tour through Hamakua and Kohala.

The Hawaiians are unsettled since the departure of the Prince. Up to the time of his arrival they were determined to make him their candidate for Delegate, but since he has declined to permit his name to be used there is a rumor that their next choice is Kepolani of Maui, and it is said that in the event of Robertson withdrawing Kepolani will have the support of a strong wing of the Republican party.

## HILO HOTEL CLOSES.

Manager Austin was notified yesterday to receive no more guests at the Hilo Hotel, and the Rainy City is now without a hotel of any kind. The guests of the house were taken to Peacock & Co.'s new store, where they are still given lodging. The furniture is being taken out as no purchaser has yet appeared. There is some talk of a Hilo company of business men to take over the lease, though this plan is still very much in the air. The furniture will all be removed to the Peacock building, where rooms have been furnished for the accommodation of the traveling public.

## AGREE UPON CANDIDATES.

About one hundred people attended the convention of the Republicans at Kailua. The following were elected officers: H. L. Holstein, chairman; J. D. Paris, vice chairman; Wm. J. Wright, secretary, and W. H. Greenwell, treasurer.

The candidates for Representative are C. H. Pulea, F. Greenwell, J. W. Kilili-koa and Wm. J. Wright. J. D. Paris was by acclamation agreed upon as the candidate for Senator.

## VOLCANO HOUSE IMPROVEMENTS.

Richard H. Trent of Henry Waterhouse & Co. has been in the city for some time looking into the affairs of the Volcano House, which the directorate contemplates thoroughly reorganizing. Mr. Trent is just down from the hotel on the edge of the crater and will further continue his investigation and inquiry in the city.

In the judgment of Mr. Trent, the present directors will make extensive improvements in the Volcano House, if so, they will thoroughly modernize the place. Several thousand dollars must be expended to do so. Mr. Trent has no doubt but that the company will take these steps after they have seen his report and recommendations.

## PASTOR FOR FOREIGN CHURCH.

Rev. Frank L. Nash, one of California's most successful ministers, has accepted a call from the First Foreign Church of this city and will arrive by the next Enterprise. Mr. Nash will be accompanied by Mrs. Nash and takes the pulpit of the First Foreign Church for a few months.

Rev. Mr. Nash was recommended to the officials of the church by Rev. Jas. M. Alexander, formerly of Maui, now of Oakland, California. He is said to be one of the most successful ministers in the State of California, and is considered the eminently fit man for Hilo. He has made excellent records at the West Minister Church in San Francisco, at Sacramento, San Diego and at Carson City. Mrs. Nash is an enthusiastic co-worker with her husband, and has been fully as successful as he in her branches of church work.

## CHARLE BURGER DEAD.

Charlie Burger, one of the oldest kamaaina of Hilo, was found dead last Wednesday morning in his sleeping room in the rear of his cabinet shop on Front street. He was found by Ed Wilhelm, and is supposed to have died of heart disease. The deceased was past his sixtieth year, and was one of the popular characters of the town. He came to Hilo 35 years ago from New York, and has pursued the trade of carpenter and cabinet maker since. The funeral was held Wednesday afternoon.

## THE MURDER TRIALS.

The preliminary hearing of Funakoshi, with its tiresome details, has just closed in Justice Hapai's court. In spite of the illness of the prisoner he has appeared in court each day and listened to the evidence against him. One of the witnesses, the lomi lomi man, contradicted some of the evidence he gave during the hearing of Watenebe. It is probable that his statements will not have much weight, as his forgetfulness is considered most too good to be useful to the prosecution. The star witness up to date was the woman over whom the crime was committed. She made her statement in a straightforward manner, and the efforts of the defense to break her down failed. Her evidence against Funakoshi is considered damaging and she was a good witness. It is said that there are two other witnesses for the prosecution even stronger than this woman. Dr. Reid was on the stand on Tuesday to tell of the character of the wound in the man's neck.

His testimony was to the effect that it would be impossible for a man to inflict upon himself such wounds as killed Motohiro.

The Tribune says: Japanese circles are somewhat agitated over what is claimed to be the appearance of Motohiro's ghost over the dwellings of his friends in Jap town. Motohiro, whose throat was cut on the evening of July 25, was buried officially and without doubt. It is reported that balls of fire or bundles of luminosity come stealing over the sky at night and that these hover above the abodes of his friends. The facts cannot be verified, merely the existence of the rumor is vouched for.

## DEWEY CRATER SMOKING.

Manager Waldron of the Volcano House reports to the Tribune that for several days a pall of smoke has hung over the region of the Dewey crater on Mauna Loa. He states that the column of smoke is distinctly visible each evening when the weather is clear, and that in his judgment activity of a more pronounced character may be expected at any time.

## NEW MILL AT PAHALA.

The new mill of the Hawaiian Agricultural Company was started last week. Its capacity for twelve hours is fifty tons and with the old mill the capacity is 100 tons. It is probable that

# COMMERCIAL NEWS.

**DOG DAYS** business marked the week just closed, for there was not a single sale reported on the stock board and only one sale made to close the week, and that at such rates as indicate that folks who must realize are badly handicapped in the absence of purchasers in the market. There has been some softening in rates and the outlook is for quiet for some weeks yet, owing as much to men being out of town during the hot days, and to the continued discussions of politics, as to lack of interest in the shares.

The one sale of the week, which by the way will be reported this morning, was of a block of Oloa, the price being \$2, which means \$8 for the paid-up stock. The assessment on this stock was due and payable on Thursday, and this caused the realization. The sale covers 200 shares, and there may be some more of the stock come out on the assessment becoming overdue. There can be accounting for this change of form on only one theory, and that is the dull money market, as the reports from the plantation are of the best, and the outlook is sufficiently good to cause the insiders to purchase the offerings.

There have been no new quotations made but there are several changes in the rates at which one may purchase stocks. For instance, the price of Waiatua, on which the last sale was at \$55, has gone down to such an extent that the outlook is for a series of sales during the coming week as low as \$47.50. There is one holder in the market who is looking around for prices on a fair lot, and this may develop a decline in the prices. Also a softening of \$1 in Kihel is noted in the asked list, while Hawaiian Sugar is off to \$20, which is a decline, the San Francisco people hold the Makawell shares at \$22. Oahu Railway, one of the staunch stocks of the list, is off and may be had at \$85, though there has been no attempt to place a selling lot at that figure.

There is noted in the reports from San Francisco a general reduction in rates and a greater one in demand. Thus Onomea has declined there by \$2 50, and there is a feeling of insecurity all along the line. The holders of sugar shares are tenacious at the coast, however, and there is little stock coming out.

## REAL ESTATE.

The real estate agents are now busily engaged in renewing the earlier negotiations on Chinatown property. There have been several attempts to sell property either in the burned district or close about it. The market is not ready to absorb any real property, seemingly the sales of the week being taken principally by Portuguese. There are several deals in College Hills which are on the bills for consummation very soon, but the week has been barren of developments.

The destruction of so great a number of stores and tenement rooms in the River street district has caused a demand for accommodations further out on the Rapid Transit lines. There are now stores being opened in Palama, which are the new startings of men who carried on business in the burned district, and the outlook is that there will be almost as many establishments opened as were included in those thus summarily closed. It was not more than eight hours after the fire that the first application for a building permit for the reconstruction of a house destroyed there was made. Gus Schuman will at once reconstruct his small residence and store building, which stood back off the street. The lumber was on the ground before the day was over, and the rebuilding will be rushed along.

E. C. Winston, Charles Armstrong and C. A. Al will in all probability rebuild upon their holdings. There are negotiations now going on looking toward this end, and the principal thing which stands in the way of immediate work is the rate for money. If loans can be made at fair prices there will be quick work done in getting into shape for putting rent-earners upon the ground. In every instance the men named contemplate the building of brick structures, of one story in height, so built, however, that they may be put up to three stories in the future if there is demand for rooms. The difference in price is nearly 100 per cent, but the reduction in insurance rates and the larger rentals to be earned will make up for the increased expense. The River Mill Company will rebuild its mill very soon, but there will be no tenement on the grounds at once.

Architect O. G. Traphagen is now receiving bids for the erection of a residence for the physician at the Queen's Hospital, and as well bids for a small wing to the hospital. The improvements will be put through at once. Work upon town buildings progresses and the breaking of ground for the O'Neill building is expected within the week.

## SUGAR PRICES ADVANCING.

Following are extracts from Willmet & Gray's Weekly Circular, which show a somewhat better outlook for sugar:

Raws advanced 1-32c. Refined unchanged. Net cash quotations this date are: Muscovados, 2 7/8c, Centrifugals, 3.40c, Granulated, 4.41c. Receipts, 52,400 tons. Meltings, 43,000 tons. Total stock in Four Ports, 128,000 tons, against 129,500 tons last week, and 222,610 tons last year. Beet Sugar quotation, f. o. b. Hamburg, 68 per cent for 88 degrees analysis, equal to 3.50c for 96 degrees test Centrifugals at New York. First marks German Granulated, f. o. b. Hamburg, 7s 5/4d, equal to 4.08c New York, duty paid.

Estimated exports to the United States from Cuba and West Indies, 35,000 tons; Java, 167,000 tons, Hawaii, 35,000 tons; Europe, 3000 tons; Peru, 10,000 tons, total 250,000 tons, against 270,000 tons last year.

Spot Foreign Granulated—The demand is light and the supply moderate. Fine Austrian, 4.40c asked. For import Dutch Granulated, prompt shipment, 9s 6d c. and f. Fine Austrian Granulated for prompt shipment, 9s 10 1/2d, c. and f. This week's summary of the statistical position shows stocks in the United States and Cuba together of 447,997 tons, against 462,597 tons last week and 327,879 tons last year, an increase of 120,118 tons over last year.

## Colopists for Hawaii.

Says the Hilo Side Lights Mr. C. M. Giddings, of Aberdeen South Dakota, recently made a tour of inspection in the interests of his colony (some twenty or more well-to-do South Dakota farmers) of the islands. He took in the Waiawa colony on Oahu and the Buchholz and Col. Norris property of the Kona and Kau districts of Hawaii, returning to Honolulu via Hilo. While in Honolulu, the editor of Side Lights obtained for Mr. Giddings an interview with Gov. Dole and the following letter voices the sentiments of the executive:

Executive Chamber, Territory of Hawaii  
Honolulu, July 25, 1902

Sir: Mr. Giddings has called on me, and I was much interested in talking with him.

I shall promote his proposition to the extent of my ability, feeling that the accession of a colony of real farmers is a matter of great importance to Hawaii and the other islands.

I trust that the enterprise can be carried through.

Very sincerely yours,  
(Signed) SANFORD B. DOLE

Both mails will be run to their capacity. Work on the railroad improvements is progressing satisfactorily.

## NEW ENGINE ON HILO RAILROAD.

The Hilo Railroad Company has added another Baldwin locomotive to its motive power equipment, and it is probably the best engine ever brought to Hawaii. It made a run to Puna on Tuesday for the first time and worked well, though there was no trial of speed. Yesterday it drew a special train to Mountain View for Mark Robinson and W. H. C. Campbell. The locomotive is No. 3, and will be used on passenger trains.

## NEWS NOTES

The heavy rains have put Waiatua on Front street in a condition almost impassable to pedestrians. John H. Horner, a pioneer coffee and sugar planter of Hamakua, is seriously ill at his home in Kula.

W. H. Beers has been commissioned clerk of the District Court.

Company D won last Sunday in the shoot against the citizens shooting team. The score stood 304 to 292. The marksmen on the winning side were Captain Fetter, Jack Easton, Rinehart, Maine, Hering, Todd and Ludlow. The citizens were Schoening, Hitchcock, C. Alden, Rocky, Richards, J. U. Smith, Ray and Decker.

Miss Marshall C. Keiser, member of American Chemical Society, also a member of the Society of Chemical Industry of the United States of the Cincinnati section, has been appointed deputy clerk and messenger of the Fourth Circuit Court. Miss Keiser is a relative of Justice John Marshall of Kentucky.

## REUNION OF PULLMANS.

Relatives of the late Chicago Magistrate Meet at Castle Rest.

NEW YORK, August 16.—The annual reunion of the Pullman family, which has been held for many years on the birthday anniversary of the late Mrs. E. C. Pullman, has just been held at Castle Rest, the beautiful summer home of the late George M. Pullman, at Alexander Bay, N. Y., now the property of his eldest daughter, Mrs. Frank O. Lowden of Chicago.

The members who assembled this year were the Rev. James M. Pullman of Lynn, Mass., brother of the late George M. Pullman; Mr. and Mrs. Frank O. Lowden of Chicago, Dr. and Mrs. William F. Fluhrer, Miss Helen Fluhrer, Minton and Lewis Fluhrer of New York; Clark E. Carr of Galesburg, Ill.; Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Pierce of Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Pierce of Boston and Miss Leola Pierce.

It was on Pullman Island that the late George M. Pullman entertained General S. Grant in 1872. Castle Rest was built by George M. Pullman in 1838 as a summer place for his mother, who died in 1892. At Mr. Pullman's death Castle Rest went to his daughter, Mrs. Lowden, with the stipulation that it should be opened during the month of August for a certain time each year. According to the custom established at other similar occasions, a small evergreen tree was planted on Pullman Island and by the assembled family in memory of the departed founder.

## Barbed Wire Telephones.

MARYSVILLE, August 9.—Finding that the barbed-wire telephone systems in farming communities have come to stay, the Sunset Company proposes to become connected with these unique lines. Accordingly, its agents are now canvassing the country districts where such are in use, offering to furnish telephone sets of Bell's baseboards and batteries for \$5 a year under certain conditions, two of which are that the farmers must keep their lines in repair and pay regular rates for long-distance switching. It is believed that the move will meet with success, since its adoption would put farmers in touch with the outside world, as well as their own particular districts.

## Bainy in Europe.

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—The weather continues cold and rainy. The temperature in Southern Saxony stood at 33 degrees. The North Sea summer resorts are practically deserted and persons on vacations are returning to their homes.

## Used to Be \$4.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Anthracite at \$14 a ton is in prospect here according to one firm of miners and dealers. This is of course contingent on a continuation of the strike for a few weeks more.

## A CURE FOR CHOLERA INFANTUM

"Last May," says Mrs. Curtis Baker, of Bookwaver, O., U. S. A., "an infant child of our neighbors was suffering from cholera infantum. The doctor had given up all hopes of recovery. I took a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy to the house, telling them I felt sure it would do good if used according to directions. In two days' time the child had fully recovered and is now (nearly a year since) a vigorous, healthy girl. I have recommended this Remedy frequently and have never known it to fail in any single instance." For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

# BAD COMPLEXIONS

Dry Thin and Falling Hair  
and Red Rough Hands  
Prevented by

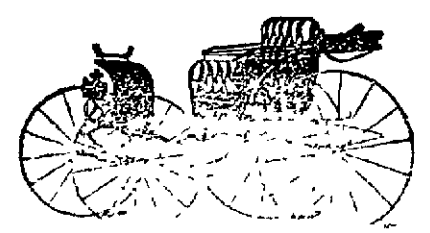
# CUTICURA SOAP.

MILLIONS use CUTICURA SOAP exclusively for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes, for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, and especially to mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the best skin and complexion soap, the best toilet and best baby soap in the world.

**Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour.** Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP to cleanse the skin and scalp of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA Ointment, to instantly allay itching and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. Sold throughout the world. Australian Depot: R. TOWNS & CO., Sydney, N. S. W. So. African Depot: L. E. JONAS LTD., Cape Town. "How to have Beautiful Skin, Hair, and Hands," free. FOTTER CORP., Boston, U. S. A. Sole Props., CUTICURA REMEDIES.

# A GOOD TOP BUGGY, \$100.00

WAGONS,  
PHAETONS,  
BRAKES,  
SURREYS,  
BUGGIES,  
RUNABOUTS.



Harness, Varnishes, Carriage Material, Iron Horse Shoes.

# PACIFIC VEHICLE AND SUPPLY CO.

Day Block, Beretania Street, Honolulu.

WRITE OR OUR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE AND US FOR OUR PRICES

# Pacific Mail Steamship Co. Occidental & Oriental S. S. Co. and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

Steamers of the above companies will call at Honolulu and leave this port on or about the dates below mentioned:

FROM SAN FRANCISCO:			FOR SAN FRANCISCO:		
AFRICA MARU	AUG. 23	GAEILIC	AUG. 29		
KOREA	SEPT. 2	HONGKONG MARU	AUG. 26		
SAELIC	SEPT. 10	CHINA	SEPT. 5		
CHONGKONG MARU	SEPT. 18	DORIC	SEPT. 12		
CHINA	SEPT. 26	NIPPON MARU	SEPT. 20		
DORIC	OCT. 4	PERU	SEPT. 20		
NIPPON MARU	OCT. 14	COPTIC	OCT. 7		
PERU	OCT. 22	AMERICA MARU	OCT. 14		
COPTIC	OCT. 29	KOREA	OCT. 22		
AMERICA MARU	NOV. 6	GAEILIC	NOV. 1		
KOREA	NOV. 14	HONGKONG MARU	NOV. 8		
GAEILIC	NOV. 22	CHINA	NOV. 15		
HONGKONG MARU	DEC. 2	DORIC	NOV. 25		
CHINA	DEC. 10	NIPPON MARU	DEC. 5		
DORIC	DEC. 18	PERU	DEC. 12		
		COPTIC	DEC. 19		

For further information apply to

# H. Hackfeld & Co., Ltd.

AGENTS.

## KEEN KLIPPER LAWN MOWERS

Cut Close and Run Easy

We have a complete line of Mowers, Pennsylvanias, Royal, High Wheel, Low Wheel, Ball Bearing, Plain Bearing and can furnish you with Horse Mowers and Gasoline Power Mowers if you wish. Mowers suitable for an 8x10 Lawn for a very few dollars, up to one suitable to a 10 acre lot at

# E. O. HALL & SON, Ltd.

CORNER PORT AND KING STREETS.



## SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

## ARRIVED.

Friday, August 22.  
Jap. S. S. America Maru, going, from San Francisco, at 6 p. m.  
G. N. Co.'s S. S. Tampoco, Ames, from Seattle, at 6 p. m.  
U. S. S. Iroquois, Rodman, from a cruise.

Saturday, August 23.

Stmr. Claudine, from Hilo and way ports.  
U. S. A. T. Buford, McCrosky, from the Philippines.  
Stmr. Lehua, from Molokai ports.  
Schr. Kawallani from Koolau ports.  
Schr. Malolo.  
Gas. schr. Eclipse, from Kona ports.  
Stmr. Hanalei, from Laysan Island.

Sunday, August 24.  
Schr. Mary E. Foster, Thompson, from Port Gamble, at 6 p. m.  
Stmr. Mikahala, from Nawiliwili, at 4:40 a. m.  
Stmr. Maui, from Maui ports.  
Stmr. Waialeale, from Punaluu, at 11:15 a. m.

Monday, August 25.

Am. bktn. S. N. Castle, Nilson, from San Francisco, at 4 p. m.  
Jap. S. S. Hongkong Maru, Filmer, from Yokohama, at 3 p. m.  
Schr. Charles Levi Woodbury, Harris, from Hilo, at 7 a. m.

## DEPARTED.

Friday, August 22.  
Am. bktn. Coronado, Potter, for San Francisco, at 3 p. m.  
Am. bk. Andrew Welch, Drew, for San Francisco, at 11 a. m.  
Am. schr. Robert Levers, Underwood, for Port Townsend, at 10 a. m.

Saturday, August 23.

Am. schr. Okanagan, Roesch, for Puget Sound.  
Jap. S. S. America Maru, going, for the Orient.  
Schr. Alice Kimball, for Kahului and San Francisco.

Sunday, August 24.

Am. schr. General Fairchild, McCarron, for Port Townsend in ballast.

Monday, August 25.

Schr. Malolo, at 5 p. m., for Hanalei and Kailihwai.  
Stmr. J. A. Cummins, for Oahu ports, at 10 a. m.  
Stmr. Nihau, for Kukuhaele, Honokaa and Punaluu, at 10 a. m.  
Stmr. Ke Au Hou, for Kapaa, Kilauea, Hanalei and Kailihwai, at 5 p. m.  
Stmr. Lehua, for Molokai ports, at 5 p. m.

## PASSENGERS.

Arrived.  
Per stmr. Maui, from Maui ports, on August 24—H. A. Peterson, C. V. Sturtevant, K. R. Wallace, wife and four children, G. B. Henderson, D. M. Henderson, C. T. Day, Ah. Young, Tang Wong, M. R. Houghtaling, L. A. Dick, E. H. Cant, H. C. Ovensen, Miss A. Perry, Mrs. W. H. Wishard, Mrs. Mary Young, Sarah Wong Kong, Lieut. McCormick, Lieut. Davis, Miss Sheldon, E. H. Castleton and wife, A. Jones, F. Kohler, Dr. J. P. Looney and 36 deck passengers.  
From Hilo and way ports, per stmr. Claudine, August 23—J. G. Rothwell, E. E. Paxton, W. A. Saxton, C. P. Benton, Miss McLain, Miss P. Macy, Miss Y. Macy, W. R. Haley, A. H. R. Vierra, M. R. Robertson, E. M. Brown, R. H. Trent, T. P. Dubose, M. Cabrinhah, Miss J. Kalandia, Dr. R. H. Reid, F. Linderman, H. Cannon, Rev. W. D. Westervelt, H. Hamada, C. V. E. Dove, Miss Est. N. Purdy, Miss A. Palea, Miss E. Moanauhi, Miss A. K. Pellet, Miss Bicknell, Miss A. Bicknell, J. G. Robertson, J. Sellurray, R. H. Raymond, A. S. Robertson and wife, J. A. Potter, J. Scott, C. C. Perkins, Rev. E. Imamura, W. Berlowitz, Wm. Green, E. Langer, F. H. Hayselden, J. K. Richardson and 102 deck passengers.  
Per stmr. Lehua, from Lanai, Maui and Molokai ports, August 23—M. K. Nukulana, wife and servant, Mrs. Hope and two children, Master A. Schnack, Ben Namakakeahi, Mrs. Nahora Hipa and child, H. Alpe, Moses Kauhiamahu, Captain T. Clark, Dr. T. T. French, Mrs. William Auld and 10 deck.

## Some Wonderful Islands.

Captain Richard Nye, who has just returned to San Francisco from the Galapagos Islands, says:  
"The islands are as full of minerals as a shad is of bones. On Albe-Marle there is an extinct crater, miles in diameter, in which there is in sight 40,000 tons of pure sulphur. The crater is about ten miles inland and a tramway will be necessary for transportation to the coast, but this would be a small matter, considering the possible profits.  
"One of the queer things in Albe-Marle Island is that it is overrun with wild dogs. The animals are a mongrel breed and were left in the island by whalers. The dogs have become wild and are extremely vicious. They are wolflike in their habits and run in droves.  
"Captain Nye also tells about a remarkable lake on the island of Catham, at an elevation of 3,000 feet above the sea level. This lake is said to be the only one of its kind in the world. It is said that the water in the lake is so pure that it can be drunk without any further purification. Many of the islanders are said to be very healthy and strong, and it is believed that this is due to the purity of the water in the lake."

## VESSELS IN PORT.

ARMY AND NAVY  
U. S. S. Iroquois, Rodman, from a cruise, August 22.  
U. S. A. T. Buford, McCrosky, Tokohama, August 23.

## MERCHANTMEN.

(This list does not include coasters.)  
Addenda, Am. bktn. Perry, Iquique, August 21.  
C. D. Bryant, Am. bk. Colly, San Francisco, July 26.  
Ottifield Flord, Am. schr. Bosch, Eureka, July 21.  
Gerda, Ger. bk. Stoge, Bremerhaven, August 10.  
Gertrud, Ger. sp. Henke, Hamburg, August 9.  
Herman, Am. schr. Brown, San Francisco, August 9.  
I. F. Chapman, Am. sp. Kendall, New York, August 9.  
Rihet, Am. bk. McPhail, San Francisco, Aug. 15.  
Erekin M. Phelps, Am. sp. Graham, Norfolk, August 19.  
Mary E. Foster, Am. schr. Thompson, August 24.  
S. N. Castle, Am. bktn. Nilson, San Francisco, August 25.

## M'GREW'S ROW WITH A SHARK

Customs Man Met One in 'Pea of Night in Honolulu Harbor.

Captain McGrew of the night inspectors of the Honolulu Customs Service had a sensational experience in the harbor a few night ago.

McGrew is a modest man and declined to tell a reporter anything about the matter but from all reports it seems that he had a hairbreadth escape from the jaws of a man-eating shark in the harbor. During the daytime there are no sharks in the harbor but when everything becomes quiet at night and the big propellers of steamers stop grinding up the mud in the channel the monsters come in and carefully cruise around.

A part of the duties of the captain of the night watch is to take a small row boat and row across from the Pacific Mail wharf to the Quarantine wharf to see that the inspector on duty over there is not asleep or that nothing else is going on which would mar the efficiency of the service.

Wednesday night was a clear one and the moon was shining brightly when McGrew made the trip. He went over safely. The water was as smooth as glass and all the noise that McGrew could hear was the swish of his oars as they swept over the water. All of a sudden the water around his boat commenced to boil. He thought that either a Kansas cyclone or an Australian willy-willy had struck him but before he could determine whether he should send his crew aloft to stow the sails or whether it would be wiser to take the gale over his stern and try to ride it out his boat grounded, not on the top of a sand bar or on a coral reef but on the back of a huge man-eating shark—supposed to be a man-eater because of the great size McGrew attributes to it—and in a moment the vessel was being bumped high into the air. Trying to keep pace with the occasion McGrew allowed his hair to stand on end. The shark dived and a moment later attacked the port side of the boat. McGrew had the crew shift cargo—himself—to the other side to keep the vessel from capsizing, and by strenuous efforts with the oars got the boat into smoother water. In a moment he was standing on the Pacific Mail wharf, a trifle wet under the collar but otherwise uninjured.

## Fullerton's Sailing Delayed.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 15.—Owing to a delay in many of the minor details entering into the construction of the new barkentine Fullerton, the vessel has been held at Mission street wharf many days. Yesterday, however, it was reported that she was about ready to proceed up the river to Oleum, but in any event, owing to the speculation that attaches to Friday, the Fullerton will not make the start today, even though she is all ready. The prejudice against Friday is pretty generally observed in shipping circles, particularly in connection with the launching of new vessels, or their departure on initial voyages.

## Shipping Notes.

The schooner Metha Nelson sailed on Thursday from Punaluu for Portland. The steamer Waialeale brought 349 bags of sugar from Punaluu for C. Brewer & Co. on Sunday.

The American bark J. NeSmith, Warner, sailed from Hilo in ballast on August 16 for Port Townsend.

The schooner John G. North arrived at Punaluu on Friday from the Sound with a cargo of 200,000 feet of lumber.

The British ship Kinross, from Lady Smith, is discharging coal at Kahului. The British bark Antiope was also at Kahului, but sailed on August 23 for Makaweli to discharge 1000 tons of coal.

The steamer Maui brought the following cargo from Maui ports on Sunday: 160 bags sugar, 30 bags of taro flour, 15 bags of taro, 24 packages of hogs, four horses, 36 hogs, and 63 packages of sundries.

## The Norwegian bark Australia

is loading lumber at Eureka for Fremantle at a rate of 65 shillings. The bark Dianor Head is loading lumber at Blakeley for Honolulu, and the schooner R. C. Slade is loading lumber for Hilo at Gray's Harbor.

## The Oeylon's Condition.

Captain Wilker says the impression that he knew the Oeylon to be unseaworthy when she left this port may have had a bad effect on the men who played the insurance on the cargo. He quotes H. A. Toubert, one of the owners of the ship, as saying that the captain Wilker was a very good man and that the ship was in good condition when she left this port. He says that the ship was in good condition when she left this port and that the captain Wilker was a very good man.

## A YOUNG LADY'S LIFE SAVED.

At Panama, Colombia, by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.  
Dr. Chase H. Utter, a prominent physician of Panama, Colombia, in a recent letter states: "Last March I had as a patient a young lady sixteen years of age who had a very bad attack of dysentery. Everything I prescribed for her proved ineffectual and she was growing weaker every hour. Her parents were sure she would die. She had become so weak that she could not turn over in bed. What to do at this critical moment was a study for me, but I thought of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and as a last resort prescribed it. The most wonderful result was effected. Within eight hours she was feeling much better. Inside of three days she was upon her feet and at the end of one week was entirely well." For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

## WAS OVERBOARD FOR TWO HOURS

Lively Experience of Mate Ross on Trip Around Good Hope.

Mate Ross of the American ship E. M. Phelps, now discharging coal at the Navy wharf, has a reputation as being one of the finest athletes of the American merchant fleet. He is of only medium height but is of iron build. The "hobos" who came to Honolulu as sailors of the big white ship declare that Ross is the strongest man they have ever seen and that he could handle a half dozen men in a fight if occasion required it.

Although only twenty-nine years of age Ross has had an adventurous career—adventurous even for a man on the sea, who is expected to meet with exciting and dangerous experiences. At the age of twenty-two he was captain of the famous clipper ship Southern Cross which sailed out of New York for many years and engaged in the far eastern trade. Off the Western Islands in 1893 the then Captain Ross had a fearful time of it with this ship. The vessel encountered a hurricane which broke her mainmast off two feet above her deck. When the mainmast went over the side it carried away the foremast and what a moment before had been a fine ship was shorn so badly that she was but a hulk with only her mizzen mast standing. Ross used his wits and his muscle on this occasion. He sailed his ship backwards so as to use the mizzen mast and rigged a rudder to her bow. While sailing in this manner a few days' later he encountered another hurricane which drove the vessel on the shore near the Straits of Gibraltar.

After this accident and the loss of his ship Ross went to sea as mate in the Great Admiral and while on a voyage around the Cape of Good Hope had one of the worst experiences that can befall a sailor. When in sight of Table Mountain and with a strong wind blowing Ross had two sailors set up some gear on the bowsprit so that he could harpoon some porpoises which were playing under the vessel's bow.

The sailors had a grudge against Ross and fixed the gear in such a manner that as soon as he had occasion to support his weight on it, it gave way and he fell into the water. A dozen sailors saw him fall but not one raised a shout. They were willing to see him drown without making any effort to save him. An old bos'n on the vessel who had at one time been a ship's officer heard Ross shout and threw a life buoy over the side. The bos'n then called the captain, and in a few minutes the crew were put hard at work to 'bout ship, get out a boat, and save the mate. The unruly sailors mashed up the first boat in lowering it into the water and a long wait resulted in getting another boat out of the davits. The mate was by this time out of sight and the captain could only tell where Ross was by the birds that were circling about him over the water. He sent the boat in that direction and managed to rescue the mate after two hours' time had elapsed.

During the time the hardy officer was in the water he made a brave battle for life. After being in the sea for twenty minutes he rose on the crest of a wave and saw the life buoy. He swam for this and managed to get into it but for the next hour and a half had to fight large numbers of albatross and Cape pigeons which tried to bite out pieces of his flesh.

Ross thinks that the cowardly sailors did all in their power to keep the rescue work delayed so that they might not be able to find him.

Later Ross commanded the bark Sammar. After her owners had sold her Ross had to look for something else and became mate of the E. M. Phelps.

During his stay in different ports Ross has exhibited remarkable ability in athletic work. He is a strong swimmer and a great wrestler and it is said that he can put up a very strong fight. He has engaged in several sparring matches in the East and many people along the waterfront here believe that he could show "Jack" Weddy a few points. An effort may be made to get the mate to put up a sparring exhibition here.

## Smooth With Mormons.

SALT LAKE CITY (Utah), August 9.—The Mormon church as an institution to be detested and avoided will no longer be preached by the ministers and laymen of the Methodist church in Utah. This decision has been arrived at during the executive session of the State Conference.

It was the generally expressed opinion of the ministers that but a antagonism as shown by the Protestant churches only gains sympathy for the Mormons and accomplishes nothing. The Methodist church hereafter will, therefore, not denounce the Mormon church from the pulpit, but will attempt to make converts by the quiet method of friendly conversation.

## Cholera Spreads to Japan

At Yokohama, Japan, by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Dr. Chase H. Utter, a prominent physician of Panama, Colombia, in a recent letter states: "Last March I had as a patient a young lady sixteen years of age who had a very bad attack of dysentery. Everything I prescribed for her proved ineffectual and she was growing weaker every hour. Her parents were sure she would die. She had become so weak that she could not turn over in bed. What to do at this critical moment was a study for me, but I thought of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and as a last resort prescribed it. The most wonderful result was effected. Within eight hours she was feeling much better. Inside of three days she was upon her feet and at the end of one week was entirely well." For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

Our Soda Water  
GINGER ALE, CREAM SODA  
KOMEL, ROOT BEER, Etc.

Is sweetened by the use of pure cane sugar. We use no cheap substitutes. ONE REASON WHY our beverages are the best and the most popular.

Prompt delivery anywhere and everywhere in the city and Wai-iki.

Consolidated Soda Water Works  
COMPANY, LTD.  
Telephone Main 71.  
Works 601 Fort street.

## 3AD BOILERS STOP TRANSPORT

The Buford With 1000 Troops on Board Calls at Honolulu.

About a thousand men from the United States transport Buford, from the Philippines, made matters lively in Honolulu on Saturday and Sunday nights, and incidentally spent a few thousand dollars in Honolulu business places.

The Buford made a forced call at this port. Five days after leaving Yokohama her boilers commenced to leak, and she has put in here for repairs. She arrived Saturday morning and will not leave until the latter end of this week.

The Buford is one of the finest transports in the service, and carries quite a number of passengers, including: Col. W. E. Dougherty, Eighth Infantry; Lieut. Col. J. W. Duncan, Thirteenth Infantry; Major C. Gardner, Mrs. C. Gardner, Major Surgeon J. S. Metzger, Mrs. J. S. Metzger, Miss Margaret Metzger, Major Surgeon I. W. Brewer, Major Hunter Liggett, Capt. C. W. Kennedy, Capt. L. P. Davidson, Capt. W. Y. Stamper, Mrs. W. Y. Stamper, Masters William, Hamilton and Furnam Stamper, Capt. G. W. Kirman, Mrs. Kirman, Master Kirman, Capt. Willis Ulme, Capt. Wm. Brooke, Capt. J. K. Miller, Mrs. J. K. Miller, Masters John and William Miller, Capt. T. Norman, Capt. Edwin Bell, Capt. Wm. Colbert, Capt. M. B. Stewart, Mrs. M. B. Stewart, Lieut. F. C. Baltzell, Lieut. A. J. McNab, Lieut. C. P. Faulkner, Lieut. F. G. Knabenshue, Lieut. J. F. Jones, Lieut. W. E. Hunt, Lieut. L. L. Roach, Lieut. A. A. Hadsell, Mrs. G. A. Hadsell, Lieut. A. L. Christie, Second Lieut. J. H. Como, Second Lieut. E. Cagliaro, Second Lieut. S. W. Anding, Second Lieut. W. G. Murchison, Second Lieut. J. C. Murphy, Second Lieut. A. F. Halpin, Mrs. C. L. Davis, Miss Emily Davis, Mrs. E. P. Andrews, Masters Cliff and Cowles Andrews, Miss G. V. Patterson, Mrs. O. C. Conterno, Mrs. John McDonald, Master Oscar Joyner, Mrs. Chas. Broady, Miss Marion Broady, Miss Mary B. Talcott, Miss Mabel I. Lake, Mrs. Charles Williams, Second Lieut. R. W. Adams, Mrs. E. S. Ogilvie, Masters Harry and Clarence Ogilvie, Capt. E. H. Southell, Mrs. E. H. Southell, Lieut. G. A. Denmore, Surgeon H. C. Smith, Miss F. E. Burt, Mrs. O. N. Anderson.

The Buford carries 462 enlisted men and the band of Companies E, F, G, H, I, K, L and M of the Eighth Infantry; 143 men of Companies E and F of the Fifteenth Infantry, 104 men of Company G of the Twenty-fifth Infantry, 113 casuals, 58 discharged soldiers and 19 ex-civilian employees.

## Oeylon's Crew Paid Off.

The shipwrecked crew of the lost bark Oeylon were paid off yesterday, receiving payment for their time right up to the day they were landed here. They consider that the owners of the vessel have dealt generously with them.

## Enlistment in the Navy.

Captain Rodman has received orders permitting him to enlist men for the navy. Quite a number of applications have been made by men desirous of enlistment and those who are accepted will be taken on board the Iroquois.

The American ship L. F. Chapman completed discharging her cargo for this port at Brewer's wharf yesterday and is now lying in the row.

The "Star" Ventilator.

Storm-proof, effective, for ventilating factories of all kinds, public buildings, residences, etc.

Merchant's Metal "Spanish" Tiles

Ornamental, Storm-Proof, Easily Laid

These tiles are recommended by leading architects, engineers and builders of first class buildings. Merchant's "Gothic" Shingles, copper, galvanized steel screw plates. Send for illustrated booklet of our specialties, mailed free upon application. MERCHANT & CO., Inc., Sole Manufacturers, 517 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

## Auction Sale

DELINQUENT SUGAR STOCK

ON SATURDAY, SEPT. 6.

AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON.

At my salesroom 65 Queen street, Honolulu, I will sell at Public Auction, by order of the Treasurer, Mr. Elmer E. Paxton, the following certificates of stock in the Oahu Sugar Co., Ltd., unless the first assessment due June 27th, 1902, and all subsequent assessments, is paid on or before the day and hour of sale, at the office of the E. F. Dillingham Co., Ltd., Stangenwald building Honolulu.

650-670 Mrs. L. L. Cooke	10-7
725 L. M. Baldwin	50
949 H. G. Junker	250
1230-860 A. W. Richardson	25-50
841 J. T. Moore	50
1025 Louis S. Gear	25
1267 W. T. Howard, trustee	100
1268 H. MacMillan	100
1442 Mrs. Emma L. Crabbe	25
1455 to 1482 J. Oudekirk	250
1572-1579-1584 Mrs. M. F. Scott	100
1652 H. C. Davis	100
1681 to 1684 Isobel Kelly	20
1692 Ross M. Kelly	20
1701 S. L. Baron Gurney	4
184 W. A. Greenwell	3
194 H. Armitage	4
1994 Robert Murray	10
1914 George C. Kelly	40
1935 M. F. Scott	20
1943 Wm. R. Kamanao	40
1958 Mrs. W. T. Paty	2
2022 H. C. Austin	19
2044 W. T. Wheeler	10

Honolulu, August 22, 1902.  
ELMER E. PAXTON,  
Treasurer.

The excruciating pains of Sciatica grow less severe instantly and soon subside when the course of this oft time troublesome nerve is rubbed vigorously with KICKAPOO Indian Oil. Anyone who has Sciatica would give a fortune to be rid of it. A fortune isn't necessary for a cure. Kickapoo Indian Oil costing only 25 cents a bottle will do it.

# Kickapoo Oil

**ROBS SCIATICA OF ITS TERRORS**

"I have used your wonderful Kickapoo Indian Oil with the best results. Being Civil Engineer I am subject to Sciatic pains, Cramps from fording streams, sleeping out of doors in tents, etc. I have derived more relief and benefit for these troubles from one bottle of Kickapoo Indian Oil than from a dozen doctors, and this is without exaggerating."—E. R. Wilson, Chippewa, Falls, Wis.

25 cts. a Bottle at all Druggists

## BY AUTHORITY.

EXECUTIVE NOTICE.

The Governor directs that notice be given that Joseph N. Koomoa, Esq., has been commissioned a member of the Board of Registration for Kau, Kona and Kohala, vice Samuel Kauhane, Esq., resigned.

HENRY E. COOPER,  
Secretary of the Territory.  
Capitol, Honolulu, August 26th, 1902.  
2413

In the Circuit Court, Second Circuit, Territory of Hawaii.—Order for Special Term. By virtue of the authority vested in me by law, and deeming it essential to the promotion of justice, I do hereby with the written approval of the Honorable W. F. Frear, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the Territory of Hawaii, appoint and order a Special Term of the Second Circuit Court, Territory of Hawaii, to be convened at Wailuku court house, District of Wailuku, Island of Maui, on Wednesday, the 3d day of September, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., and to be continued and held thereafter as provided by law.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of the said Circuit Court at Wailuku, Island of Maui, Territory of Hawaii, this 9th day of August, A. D. 1902.

JOHN W. KALUA,  
Judge Circuit Court, Second Circuit, Territory of Hawaii.  
Approved this 15th day of August, 1902.

W. F. FREAR,  
Chief Justice Supreme Court, Territory of Hawaii.  
2411

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIFTH CIRCUIT—TERRITORY OF HAWAII—AT CHAMBERS—IN PROBATE.

In the Matter of the Estate of John Stejles of Koloa, Kauai, deceased, Intestate.

Order of Notice of Hearing Petition for Administration:

ON READING AND FILING THE petition of Catherine Stejles of Koloa, Kauai, alleging that John Stejles of said Koloa died intestate at said Koloa on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1901, leaving property in the Hawaiian Islands necessary to be administered upon, and praying that letters of administration issue to Herman Brandt:

It is ordered that Thursday, the 25th day of September, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., be and hereby is appointed for hearing said petition in the court room of this court, at Lihue, at which time and place all persons concerned may appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition should not be granted.

Dated at Lihue, Kauai, August 20th, 1902.

By the Court F. T. MERRY,  
Clerk of the Circuit Court of the Fifth Circuit.  
2413—Aug. 26, Sept. 2, 9.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE SECOND CIRCUIT—TERRITORY OF HAWAII—AT CHAMBERS—IN PROBATE.

In the Matter of the Estate of W. H. Halstead, late of Wailuku, Maui, deceased, Intestate.

Order of Notice of Hearing Petition for Allowance of Final Accounts, Distribution and Discharge.

On reading and filing the petition and accounts of Geo. Hons and Chas. Wilcox, administrators of the estate of W. H. Halstead, wherein they ask that the same may be examined and approved, and that a final order may be made discharging them and their sureties from all further responsibility as such administrators:

It is ordered, that Thursday, the 11th day of September, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., before the Judge of said Court at the court room of the said Court at Wailuku, Island of Maui, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing said petition and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

Dated at Wailuku, this 23rd day of July, 1902.

By the Court L. R. CROOK,  
Clerk.  
2404—July 29, Aug. 5, 12, 19, 25.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT pursuant to the power of sale contained in that certain mortgage dated July 25th, 1900, made by H. W. Cleveland and Ellen Cleveland, his wife, both of Waikoa, Kula, Island of Maui, Territory of Hawaii, mortgagors, to Mrs. Katie Lennox, mortgagee, and recorded in the Register Office, Oahu, in Liber 234, pages 53, 54 and 55, and on the 12th day of April, 1902, by the said Mrs. Katie Lennox, sold and transferred to Geo. Hons, of Wailuku, Maui, the said Geo. Hons, as assignee and owner of said mortgage intends to foreclose said mortgage for conditions broken, to wit, the non-payment of principal and interest when due.

Notice is likewise given that the property conveyed by said mortgage will be sold at public auction at the office of James L. Coke, in the Town of Wailuku, Maui, T. H., on Friday, the 19th day of September, 1902, at 12 o'clock noon of said day. The property covered by said mortgage consists of all that certain piece of land with the buildings and appurtenances, situate at Wailuku, Kula, Maui, aforesaid, and being a portion of Royal Patent No. 1986 to Kaa, and containing an area of one acre and being the same premises conveyed to the said H. W. Cleveland by deed of E. H. Kekapal, dated August 24th, 1892, and recorded in Liber 136 on pages 482 and 484.

Together with all the rights, easements, privileges and appurtenances thereto belonging.

Terms: Cash. Deeds at the expense of purchaser.

For further particulars apply to Jas. L. Coke, attorney at law, Wailuku, Maui.

Dated August 21st, 1902.

GEO. HONS,  
Owner of Said Mortgage.  
By C. D. LUPKIN,  
His Attorney in Fact.

JAS. L. COKE,  
Attorney and Auctioneer. 6255

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT pursuant to the power of sale contained in that certain mortgage dated May 31, A. D. 1899, made by Elizabeth K. Smith